

# Maxim III Air Drill

# operator's Manual

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Oil accumulation.	
One wing will lift, other will not	
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Notes

## Section 1: Safety

## **Section Contents**

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## SAFETY-ALERT SYMBOL



Watch for this symbol. It identifies potential hazards to health or personal safety. It means:

## ATTENTION - BE ALERT. Your Safety is involved.

Familiarize yourself with the location of all decals. Read them carefully to understand the safe operation of your machine.

### **Signal Words**

The words **DANGER**, **WARNING** or **CAUTION** are used with the safety alert symbol. Learn to recognize the safety alerts, and follow the recommended precautions and safe practices.

Three words are used in conjunction with the safety-alert symbol:



DANGER

Indicates an imminently hazardous situation that, if not avoided, will result in DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY.



WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY.



**CAUTION** 

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, may result in MINOR OR MODERATE INJURY.

Replace any **DANGER**, **WARNING**, **CAUTION** or instructional decal that is not readable or is missing. The location and part number of these decals is identified later in this section of the manual.

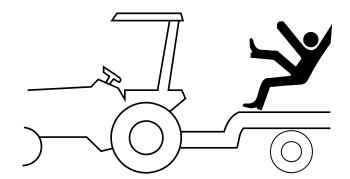
The words **Important** and **Note** are not related to personal safety but are used to give additional information and tips for operating or servicing this equipment.

IMPORTANT: Identifies special instructions or procedures which, if not strictly observed could result in damage to, or destruction of the machine, process or its surroundings.

**NOTE:** Indicates points of particular interest for more efficient and convenient repair or operation.

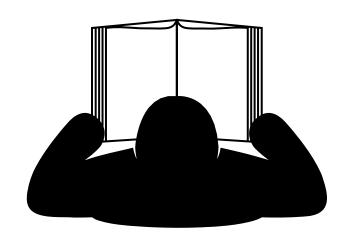
#### **General Operation**

- **DO NOT RIDE!!** Do not allow riders on the implement when in motion.
- Do not allow extra riders in the tractor unless an instructor seat and seat belt are available.
- · Check behind when backing up.
- · Reduce speed when working in hilly terrain.
- Never allow anyone within the immediate area when operating machinery.
- · Stand clear when raising or lowering wings.
- Keep all shields in place, replace them if removed for service work.
- · Always lock auger attachment in raised position.
- Keep hands clear of tank opening when closing lid. Keep lid seal clean to ensure proper sealing.
- Do Not enter Air Cart tank unless another person is present and the tractor engine has been shut off.



## **Tractor Operation**

- Be aware of the correct tractor operating procedures, when working with implements.
- · Review tractor operator's manual.
- Secure hitch pin with a retainer and lock drawbar in centre position.



#### Chemicals

- Use extreme care when cleaning, filling or making adjustments.
- Always read granular chemical or treated seed manufacturer's warning labels carefully and remember them.
- Wear close fitting clothing and appropriate personal protective equipment for the job as specified by the chemical and/or seed manufacturer.
- Always wear safety goggles, breathing apparatus and gloves when handling with granular chemical or treated seed.
- Do not feed any treated seed to livestock. Treated seed is poisonous and may cause harm to persons or livestock.
- Wash exposed skin immediately do not leave chemicals on your skin.
- Properly store chemicals in original containers with labels intact per the manufacturer's instructions.
- Always follow the manufacturer's operating instructions and warning labels when operating an ammonia tank with the equipment.
- Do Not enter Air Cart tank unless another person is present and the tractor engine has been shut off.







## Danger

#### Failure to comply may result in death or serious injury.

Read Operator's Manual and decals on **Ammonia** tank before operating Air Cart. Become familiar with all warnings, instructions, and controls.

**Always** wear gloves and goggles when transferring or handling ammonia.

Always stay clear of hose and valve openings.

Always be sure pressure is relieved before disconnecting hoses or parts.

Always secure connecting parts and safety chains before towing ammonia trailer.

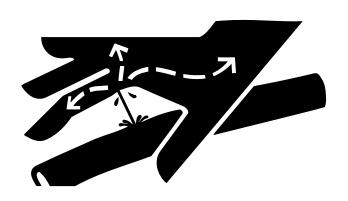
Always have ample water available in case of exposure to ammonia liquid or gases.

#### **Transporting**

- Be aware of the height, length and width of implement. Make turns carefully and be aware of obstacles and overhead electrical lines.
- Always travel at a safe speed. Do Not Exceed 20 M.P.H. (32 kph) with an empty air cart.
- REDUCE SPEED with material in Air Cart tanks.
   Do Not Exceed a speed of 10 M.P.H. (16 kph).
- Use an agricultural tractor that is large enough with sufficient braking capacity so that the weight of the loaded equipment towed does not exceed 1.5 times the weight of the tractor.
- The slow moving vehicle (SMV) emblem and reflectors must be secured and be visible on the machine for transport.
- Use flashing amber warning lights, turn signals and SMV emblems when on public roads.
- · Do not transport in poor visibility.
- Avoid soft surfaces, the additional wing weight on the centre wheels could cause the machine to sink.
- Ensure safety chain is attached correctly to the towing vehicle and the hitch of the implement.
- Check that wings are firmly seated in transport position and lock valves are in locked postion.
- · Be familiar with and adhere to local laws.

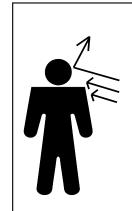
## Hydraulics

- Do not search for high pressure hydraulic leaks without hand and face protection. A tiny, almost invisible leak can penetrate skin, thereby requiring immediate medical attention.
- Use cardboard or wood to detect leaks never your hands.
- Double check that all is clear before operating hydraulics.
- Never remove hydraulic hoses or ends with machine elevated. Relieve hydraulic pressure before disconnecting hydraulic hoses or ends.
- Maintain proper hydraulic fluid levels.
- Keep all connectors clean for positive connections.
- Ensure all fittings and hoses are in good condition.
- · Do not stand under wings.



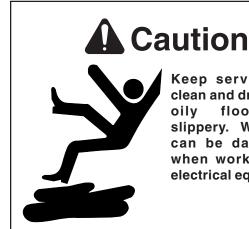
#### Maintenance

- Shut tractor engine off before making any adjustments or lubricating the machine.
- **Block** machine securely to prevent any movement during servicing.
- · Wear close fitting clothing and appropriate personal protective equipment for the job.
- Always wear safety goggles, breathing apparatus and gloves when working on seeder filled with granular chemical or treated seed per the manufacture's instructions.
- Do not modify the machine.





Care should be taken when working near the Air Cart while the fan is running. Product blowing out of the system could cause personal injury.



Keep service area clean and dry. Wet or oily floors slippery. Wet spots can be dangerous when working with electrical equipment.

## Storage

- Store implement away from areas of main activity.
- Level implement and block up securely to relieve pressure on jack.
- · Do not allow children to play on or around stored implement.

### **Safety Signs**

## A DANGER

- · WINGS MAY FALL RAPIDLY CAUSING BODILY INJURY.
- ALWAYS STAY CLEAR OF FOLDING WINGS WHEN BEING RAISED, LOWERED, OR IN ELEVATED STATE.
- ALWAYS INSTALL ALL LOCKUP DEVICES PROVIDED WHEN WINGS ARE IN ELEVATED POSITION.
- ENSURE CYLINDER IS COMPLETELY FILLED WITH HYDRAULIC FLUID TO AVOID UNEXPECTED MOVEMENT.



C13704

## **DANGER**

Failure to comply may result in death or serious injury.

Read Operator's Manual and decals on **Ammonia** tank before operating Machine. Become familiar with all warnings, instructions, and controls.

Always wear gloves and goggles when transferring or handling ammonia.

Always stay clear of hose and valve openings.

Always be sure pressure is relieved before disconnecting hoses or parts.

Always secure connecting parts and safety chains before towing ammonia trailer.

Always have ample water available in case of exposure to ammonia liquid or gases.

S29378

## **A WARNING**

Personal injury or property damage may result from loss of control.

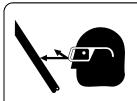
- · Always use large enough tractor with sufficient braking capacity.
  - > Weight of fully loaded implement should not be more than 1.5 times weight of tractor.
- · Maximum recommended towing speed is 20 mph (32 km/h).
- Use flashing amber warning lights and SMV emblem when on public roads, except where prohibited by law.
- Refer to tractor and implement Operator's Manuals for weights and further information.

N24301



Familiarize yourself with the location of all decals. Read them carefully to understand the safe operation of your machine.

### Safety Signs - continued



## **A** WARNING

#### **HIGH-PRESSURE FLUID HAZARD**

To prevent serious injury or death:

- · Relieve pressure on hydraulic system before servicing or disconnecting hoses.
- Wear proper hand and eye protection when searching for leaks. Use wood or cardboard instead of hands.
- · Keep all components in good repair.

C-4262



## **A** WARNING

This implement may exceed maximum road regulations. Before you transport this implement contact a local agency regarding road regulations concerning maximum allowable implement dimensions.

C31201





TRANSPORT WHEELS MUST BE
LOCKED IN PLACE BEFORE
FOLDING UNIT UP OR DOWN
AND WHEN TRANSPORTING.
FAILURE TO DO SO COULD
RESULT IN SEVERE DAMAGE
TO MAIN PACKER FRAME AND/
OR PACKER GANG PIVOTS.

S22441

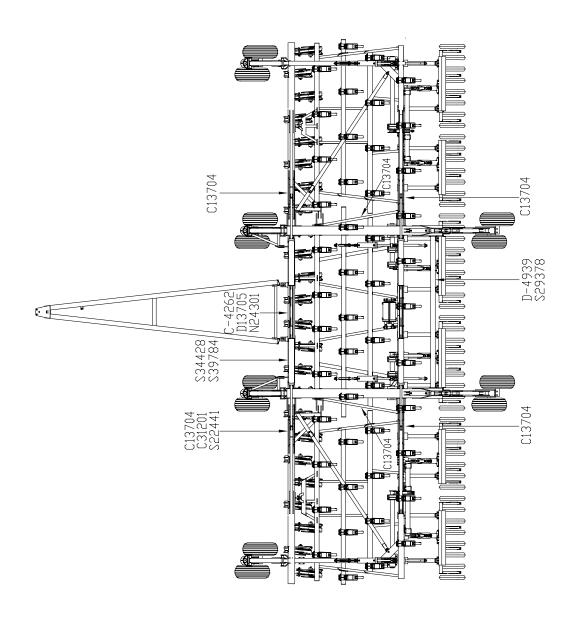


Familiarize yourself with the location of all decals. Read them carefully to understand the safe operation of your machine.

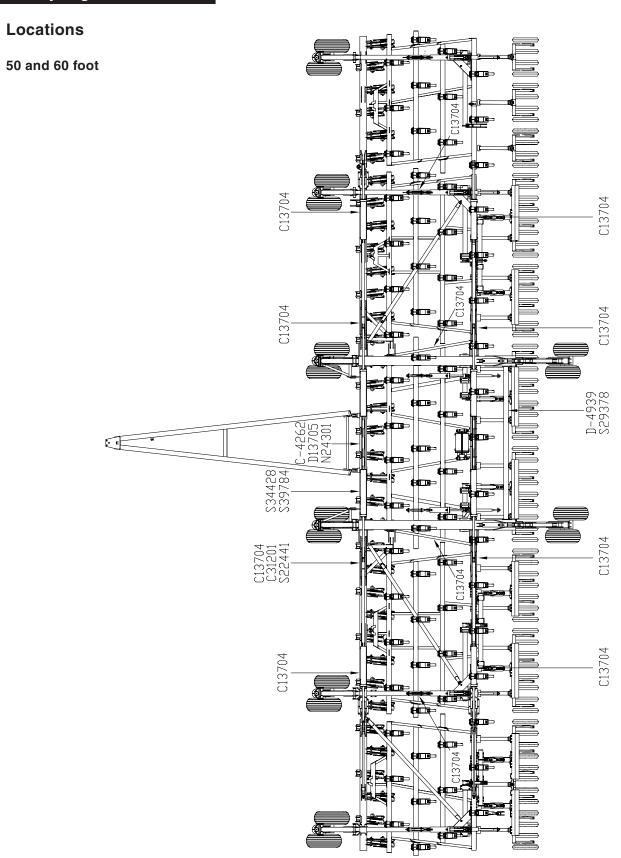
## Safety Signs - continued

## Locations

40 foot



## Safety Signs - continued



### Lighting and Marking

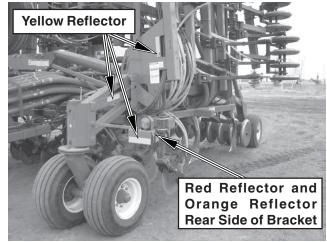
MORRIS recommends the use of correct lighting and marking to meet the ASAE standard for roadway travel. Be familiar with and adhere to local laws.

Amber warning and red tail lights secured on the machine promote correct transportation of this implement.

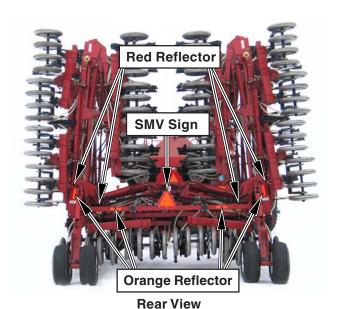
Note: Always replace missing or damaged lights and/or connectors.

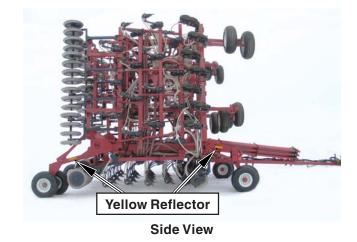
Amber warning and red tail lights must be mounted to the rear of the implement and be visible from the front and rear. The lights must be within 16 inches (41 cm) of the extremities of the machine and at least 39 inches (99 cm) but not over 10 feet (3 m) above ground level.

Note: Always replace missing or damage front, side, rear reflectors and SMV emblem.

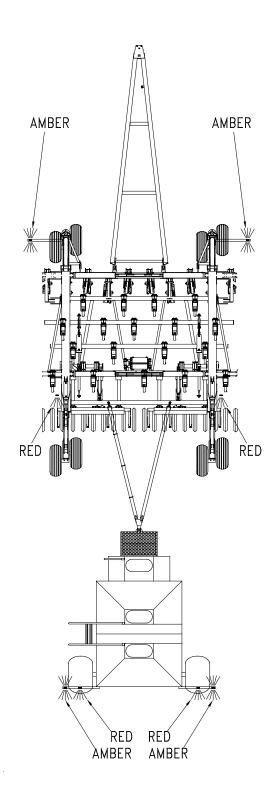


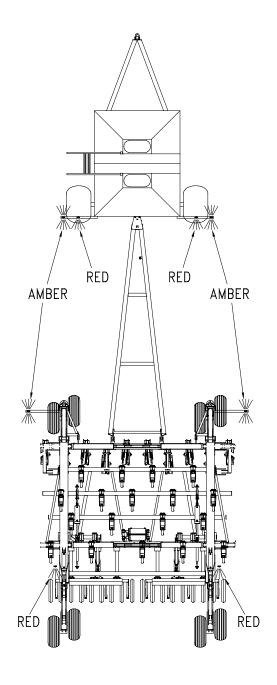
**Front View** 





## Lighting and Marking - continued





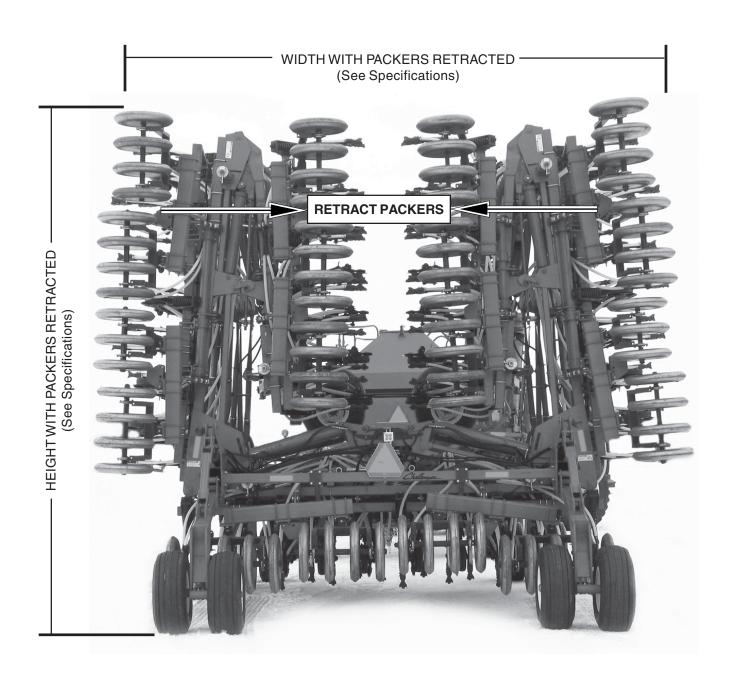
## Section 2: Specifications

## **Section Contents**

Specifications and Options	2-	2
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		MAXIM II Specifications and			
Bass Oire		3 Frame Models	5 Frame	Models	
Base Size		40' (12.19 m)	50' (15.24 m)	60' (18.29 m)	
Weight (3 1/2" Steel Packers with C-Sh	nank)				
- 7 1/2" Spa	·	26,073 lb	32,825 lb	39,404 lb	
19.0 cm S	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11,851 kg	14,920 kg	17,911 kg	
- 10" Spacii	·	24,273 lb	30,524 lb	36,440 lb	
25.4 cm S		11,033 kg	13,875 kg	16,564 kg	
- 12" Spacii	·	23,338 lb	29,047 lb	34,958 lb	
30.5 cm S Working Width - 7 1/2" (19	.0 cm) Spacing	10,608 kg	13,203 kg	15,890 kg	
•	cm) Spacing	40' (12.19 m) 40' (12.19 m)	50' (15.24 m) 50' (15.24 m)	60' (18.29 m) 60' (18.29 m)	
,	cm) Spacing	40' (12.19 m)	52' (15.85 m)	60' (18.29 m)	
Number of Shanks - 7 1/2" (19		64	80	96	
- 10" (25.4 c	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	48	60	72	
- 12" (30.5	′	40	52	60	
Frame Width - Main	,	15 1/2' (4.72 m)	15 1/2' (4.72 m)	15 1/2' (4.72 m)	
- Inner Win	g	12' (3.66 m)	9 1/2' (2.9 m)	12' (3.66 m)	
- Outer Win	J	<u> </u>	6 1/2' (1.98 m)	10' (3.05 m)	
Transport Position - Width		19' 10" (6.05 m)	19' 10" (6.05 m)	19' 10" (6.05 m)	
- Height		17' 4" (5.28 m)	16' 2" (4.93 m)	17' 4" (5.28 m)	
- Length		31' 6" (9.6 m)	31' 6" (9.6 m)	31' 6" (9.6 m)	
Opener to Ground - Hoe Point		13 3/4" (35 cm)	13 3/4" (35 cm)	13 3/4" (35 cm)	
- Double Sh	noot/Knife	9 1/2" (24 cm)	9 1/2" (24 cm)	9 1/2" (24 cm)	
Tires - Main Frame Casto	r Wheel	(4) 12.5L x 15 FI Load Range F	(4) 12.5L x 15 FI Load Range F	(4) 12.5L x 15 FI Load Range F	
- Inner Wing Frame C (2 per wing)	Castor Wheel	(4) 12.5SL x 15 8 Ply Rating	(4) 12.5SL x 15 8 Ply Rating	(4) 12.5SL x 15 8 Ply Rating	
<ul> <li>Outer Wing Frame C (2 per wing)</li> </ul>	Castor Wheel	N/A	(4) 12.5SL x 15 8 Ply Rating	(4) 12.5SL x 15 8 Ply Rating	
- Main Frame Transpo	ort Wheels	(4) 12.5L x 15 FI Load Range F 8 Bolt Hub	(4) 12.5L x 15 FI Load Range F 8 Bolt Hub	(4) 12.5L x 15 FI Load Range F 8 Bolt Hub	
Dual Castor Wheels on Wings		Standard	Standard	Standard	
Number of Ranks		7 1/2	12" (19.0 cm) Spacing - 4 row "Z" P n) & 12" (30.5 cm) Spacing - 4 rov		
Trip Mechanism Options		400 lb (180 kg) Spi	ring Cushion Trip with 1 (2.54 cm) ring Cushion Trip with 1 (2.54 cm)	x 2" (5.1 cm) shank	
Shank Options		Conventional 'C' Shar	Forged Edge-On nk (1 3/4" (4.4 cm) hole spacing) (4	47 Degree tillage tools)	
Packer Wheel Options			ber - (7 1/2" (19.0 cm), 10" (25.4 c or Rubber - (10" (25.4 cm) & 12" (		
Frame to Opener		Vertical Clearance	- 27 1/2" with Regular Hoe Point - 30 1/2" with Double Shoot/Knife		
Rank to Rank Spacing		23 1/2", 23 1/2", 27 1/2"			
Shank to Shank Spacing		30" (76.2 cm) on 7 1/2" (19.0 cm) Spacing, 40" (101.6 cm) on 10" (25.4 cm) Spacing, 48" (122 cm) on 12" (30.5 cm) Spacing			
Frame Depth		78 1/2" (1.99 m) (4 ranks)			
Harrows			Optional		
Coulters - Fertilizer (Plain)		Optional - Front Row Mount on Row Centers - (20" (50.8 cm) Diameter) (Not available on 60ft - 7 1/2" spacing)			
Packer Mud Scrapers		Optional (For both Steel and Rubber Packers)			
Rock Deflectors		Optional (7 1/2" (19.0 cm), 10" (25.4 cm) & 12" (30.5 cm) Spacing)			
Safety Lights		Standard			
Safety Chain			Standard		

## Transport Dimensions



## **Specifications**

Notes

## Section 3: Checklist

## **Section Contents**

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Assembly Manual	3-2
Checklist	3-3

## SAFETY-ALERT SYMBOL



Watch for this symbol. It identifies potential hazards to health or personal safety. It points out safety precautions. It means:

ATTENTION - BE ALERT. Your safety is involved.

### Manuals

Note: Pre-Delivery Inspection Form must be completed and submitted to Morris Industries within 30 days of delivery date.

**Warranty Void if Not Registered** 

Parts Manual Order Part Number S39884

**Assembly Manual** Order Part Number S39883

## Checklist

	General
Please read the Operator's Manual carefully and become a "SAFE" operator.	Check if assembled correctly Check hose connections
	Lubrication - Grease  Gauge Wheel Pivots
Adopt a good lubrication and maintenance program.	Packer Bearings Wheel Hubs
	Tire Pressure
	See maintenance, Section 6
	Level Frames
	Side to side
	Front to back
	Transport
	Tighten wheel bolts

#### **OWNER REFERENCE**

Model:		
Serial No:		
Dealer:		
Town:	State:	
Phone:		
OWNER/OPERATOR:		
Date:		



Transport lock pins are in place

Check hose connections.

TAKE SAFETY SERIOUSLY.

DO NOT TAKE
NEEDLESS CHANCES!!

## Checklist

Notes

## **Section 4: Introduction**

## **Section Contents**

1-2	
1-2	_

## Introduction

#### Introduction

This Operator's Manual has been carefully prepared to provide the necessary information regarding the operation and adjustments, so that you may obtain maximum service and satisfaction from your new MORRIS Maxim IIII Air Drill.

To protect your investment, study your manual before starting or operating in the field. Learn how to operate and service your Maxim IIII Air Drill correctly, failure to do so could result in personal injury or equipment damage.

If you should find that you require information not covered in this manual, contact your local MORRIS Dealer. The Dealer will be glad to answer any questions that may arise regarding the operation of your MORRIS Maxim IIII Air Drill.

MORRIS Dealers are kept informed on the best methods of servicing and are equipped to provide prompt, efficient service if needed.

Occasionally, your Maxim III Air Drill may require replacement parts. Your Dealer will be able to supply you with the necessary replacement parts required. If the Dealer does not have the necessary part, the MORRIS Factory will promptly supply the Dealer with it.

Your MORRIS Maxim III Air Drill is designed to give satisfaction even under difficult conditions. A small amount of time and effort spent in protecting it against rust, wear and replacing worn parts will increase the life and trade-in value.



Shown: 60 foot Maxim III Air Drill on 10 inch spacing with 8336 VRT Air Cart

**Keep this book handy for ready reference at all times.** It is the policy of Morris Industries Ltd. to improve its products whenever it is possible to do so. The Company reserves the right to make changes or add improvements at any time without incurring any obligation to make such changes on machines sold previously.

## Section 5: Operation

## **Section Contents**

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## Operation

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#### CAUTION



#### SAFETY FIRST

**REFER TO SECTION 1 AND REVIEW** ALL SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS.

## **Application**

The Maxim Air Drill utilizes a floating and fully independent frames, this system makes each frame fully flexible, front to back and side to side for improved seeding accuracy.

The 400 lb. and 550 lb. Spring Cushion Trip allows the Maxim Air Drill to be used in a variety of seeding applications from conventional to zero till including banding applications.

#### **Tractor**

#### **Tires**

- Proper ballast and tire pressure are required when pulling heavy implements.
- · Consult your tractor operator's manual and follow all recommended procedures.

#### **Hydraulics**

- Wipe all hydraulic fittings and couplers with a clean cloth to avoid contaminating the system.
- · Check that the hydraulic reservoir is filled to the proper level.

#### Drawbar

· Center and pin in a fixed position for easier hitching and greater stability.



## Warning

Do not permit smoking, sparks or an open flame where combustible fuels are being used. Keep the work area well ventilated.

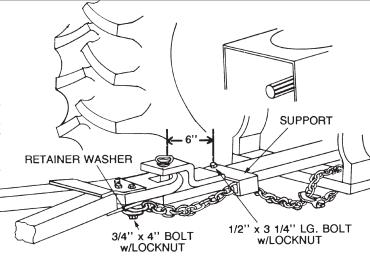


## Warning

Do not search for high-pressure hydraulic leaks without hand and face protection. A tiny, almost invisible leak can penetrate skin, thereby requiring immediate medical attention.



A safety chain will help control towed machines should it accidentally separate from the drawbar while transporting. A runaway machine could cause severe injury or death. Use a safety chain with a strength rating equal to or greater than the gross weight of the towed machines.



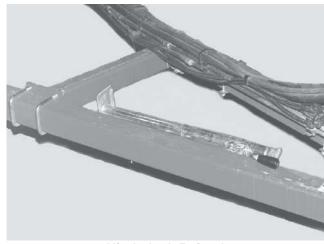
Attach safety chain to the tractor drawbar support or other specified anchor location with the appropriate parts.

## Hitching to Tractor

- Ensure swinging drawbar is locked in the center position.
- Ensure hitch pin is in good condition.
- Level clevis with tractor drawbar using hitch jack.
- Back tractor into position and attach hitch clevis to drawbar, using an adequate hitch pin.
- Lock hitch pin in place with a hairpin or other proper locking device.
- After tractor to implement connection is made, relieve pressure off the hitch jack.
- · Place hitch jack in raised position.
- Route Safety Chain through chain support and drawbar support.
- · Lock safety hook onto chain.

## Note: Provide only enough slack in chain to permit turning.

- Ensure hydraulic hose quick couplers are dirt free.
- Inspect all fittings and hoses for leaks and kinks.
   Repair as necessary
- Connect the hydraulic hoses to the tractor quick couplers.



**Hitch Jack Raised** 

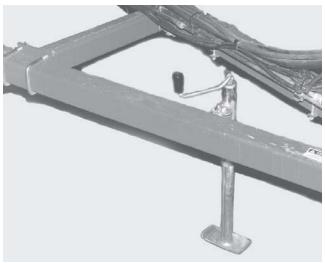


## Caution

Dirt in the hydraulic system could damage O-rings, causing leakage, pressure loss and total system failure.

#### **Unhitching from Tractor**

- Pin hitch jack in storage position.
- Lower hitch jack taking the weight off the hitch clevis.
- Ensure all transport locks are properly secured.
- Relieve pressure in the hydraulic hoses by positioning tractor hydraulic lever in "float" position or turn tractor engine off and cycle lever back and forth several times.
- Disconnect the hydraulic hoses.
- Remove the safety chain.
- Remove the drawbar pin.
- Slowly move tractor away from cultivator.



**Hitch Jack Lowered** 

#### **Transport**

Observe all applicable safety precautions under transport heading in Safety, Section 1.

- · Refer to Specifications, Section 2, for weight, transport height, and width.
- Transport with tractor only!
- Ensure safety chain is attached correctly to the towing vehicle and the hitch of the implement.
- · Inspect tires for any serious cuts or abrasions. If such has occurred, tire should be replaced.
- Raise and lower wings on level ground.
- Never raise or lower wings when moving.

#### **Speed**

- Always travel at a safe speed. Do Not Exceed 20 M.P.H. (32 kph).
- The weight of the implement being towed *must not* exceed 1.5 times the weight of towing vehicle.

#### Lights

- Ensure proper reflectors are in place, refer to Safety, Section 1.
- · Use flashing amber warning lights, turn signals and SMV emblems when on public roads.
- · Be familiar with, and adhere to, local laws.

MORRIS INDUSTRIES LTD. WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGES OR OPERATOR INJURY RESULTING FROM NON-USE, OR IMPROPER USE, OF TRANSPORT LOCK VALVES.



## Caution

Raise and lower wings on level ground. Never raise or lower wings when moving.

### **Transport - Continued**

#### **Transport to Field Position**

- Position machine on level ground.
- Stop tractor, and engage park brake.
- As a precaution, check surrounding area to be sure it is safe to lower wings.

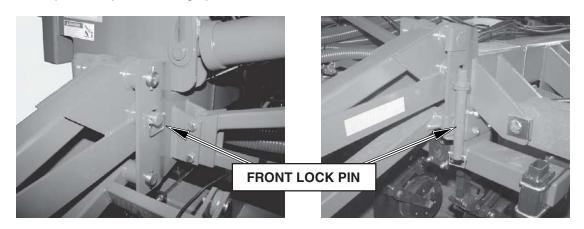


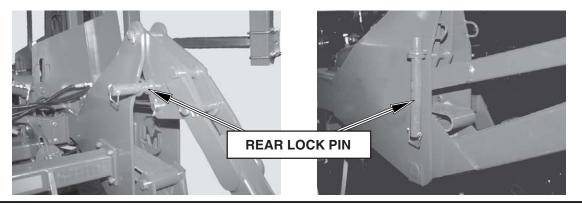
## Danger

Always stay clear of wings being raised, lowered or in elevated position. Ensure cylinders are completely filled with hydraulic fluid - Wings may fall rapidly causing injury or death.

- Extend mainframe depth cylinders. (Fully lowering the packers to the ground)
- Remove transport lock pins from front guage wheel arms and rear transport wheel arms.
- Place transport lock pins in storage position.







### Transport - Continued

#### **Transport to Field Position - Continued**

- Unlock the wing valve and transport wheel valve.
   Do not walk under raised wings.
- Operate the wing lift/transport wheel hydraulic circuit to perform the following sequence of events:
  - 1. Lower the wings. Never raise or lower wings when moving.

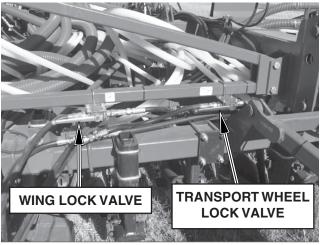
Note: When raising or lowering wings, do so in one continuous motion until fully up or down. Do not stop flow part way allowing wings to fold on their own. This may disrupt the sequence of operation.

- 2. Extend wing lift cylinders fully.
- 3. Raise the transport wheels fully.
- **4.** Center holding cylinder fully extends. (5 frames)

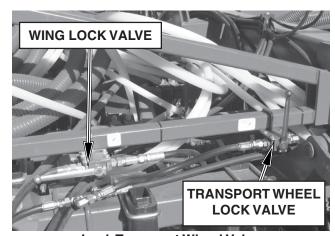
## **Important**

Wings must lower fully before the transport wheels retract.

- Lock transport wheel valve.
- Operate depth control hydraulics, to raise machine fully, holding the hydraulic lever for several seconds to phase the system.



**Unlock Valves** 



**Lock Transport Wheel Valve** 

#### **Transport - continued**

#### **Field to Transport Position**

- · Position machine on level ground.
- Stop tractor, and engage park brake.
- · Unlock transport wheel valve.
- Ensure wing lift cylinders are fully extended.

Note: The wing lift cylinders must be fully extended to ensure proper operation of the flow control valve (FCV) manifold.

- Raise Air Drill to highest position on depth control hydraulic circuit.
- Operate the wing lift hydraulic circuit to perform the following sequence of events:
  - **1.** Center holding cylinder fully contracts. (5 frame)
  - 2. Lower the transport wheels fully.
  - 3. Raise wings fully. Never raise or lower wings when moving.

Note: When raising or lowering wings, do so in one continuous motion until fully up or down. Do not stop flow part way allowing wings to fold on their own. This may disrupt the sequence of operation.

## **Important**

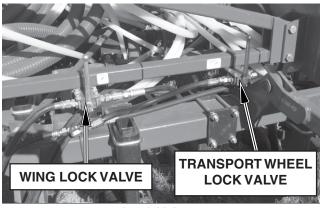
Transport wheels must fully lower and lock before raising wings.

- Lock wing lift valve and transport wheel valve. Do not walk under raised wings.
- Secure transport lock pins in front castor arms.
- Secure transport lock pins in rear transport arms.
- Ensure safety chain is properly installed, see "Hitching to Tractor" Section in Operators Manual.
- Retract packers with depth control circuit.

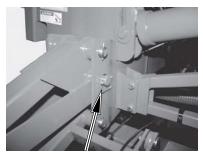


## Danger

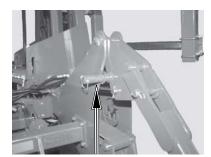
Always stay clear of wings being raised, lowered or in elevated position. Ensure cylinders are completely filled with hydraulic fluid -Wings may fall rapidly causing injury or death.



**Lock Valves** 



**Front Lock Pin** 



**Rear Lock Pin** 



#### Leveling

#### **Initial Leveling**

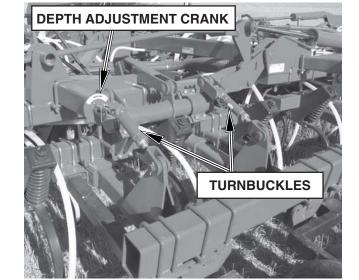
For initial leveling the turnbuckles should be set to the following dimensions.

Main Frame - 36 1/2" (93 cm) pin center to center. Wing Frames - 19 1/8" (49 cm) pin center to center.

All other adjustments must be performed in the field as outlined under "Final Leveling".

# **Important**

Keep tire air pressure at the listed specifications to achieve and maintain proper level.



#### **Final Leveling**

In order for any Air Drill to perform as intended, it must be properly leveled. To properly level an Air Drill, the final leveling must be done in the field with ground conditions being firm and unworked.

If the Air Drill is leveled in preworked, soft conditions, the front may dip when working in harder conditions. This causes the back row of shanks to work shallower than the front and can result in rough, uneven field finish and uneven seed depth, which may result in strips appearing in the crop.

Note: Each operator is responsible for levelling their Air Drill. As field conditions vary, fine tuning is left to the operator's discretion.

# Operation

#### **Leveling - Continued**

#### Final Leveling - Continued

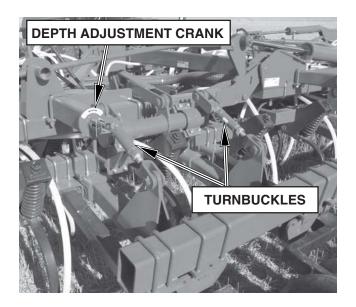
Final leveling requires the following basic steps to be followed:

- 1) Adjust all the depth adjustment cranks out to the end of the depth adjustment rods.
- 2) Rephase hydraulic depth system.
- 3) While moving forward with the tractor, lower the unit with the depth control circuit until the points are just skimming the surface. Stop with the machine at this position. Turn all the cranks all the way in to the stop tubes. This is a "0" or ground level position to start setting the depth from.
- 4) Turn all the cranks out 3 turns, this will set the depth at approximately 1 ½".
- 5) **Rephase** hydraulic depth system. While moving ahead lower the machine until it stops on the crank stops. Stop with the machine in the ground. At this point don't worry if the frames do not seem to be running at the same depth.
- 6) Check level of each frame individually starting with the main frame. To check the level use openers at the four corners of each frame section. Adjust the turnbuckles accordingly until all four points on each frame are all cutting at the same depth.
- 7) Repeat steps 5 and 6 until frames are level sideto-side and front-to-back.
- 8) Compare the depth of the wing frames to the main frame. Using the depth adjustment cranks on the wings raise or lower the wing frame sections until their depth matches the main frame. They should be within two turns of the main frame.
- With the seed turned on set the final desired seed depth by adjusting all the cranks the same number of turns to raise or lower the machine as required.

# **Important**

Final Levelling is 
"VERY IMPORTANT"

It is suggested that the operator read carefully and carry out the procedures exactly as described.



Note: Any change in the depth setting can now be done by adjusting all the depth adjustment cranks evenly across the whole unit. (See Depth Adjustment)

#### **Depth Stop Adjustment**

The Morris Maxim III Air Drill is equipped with mechanical depth stops. The mechanical depth stops ensure positive depth of each frame section and is unaffected by any hydraulic leak in the system. (i.e. leaking couplers, internal cylinder leaks, etc.)

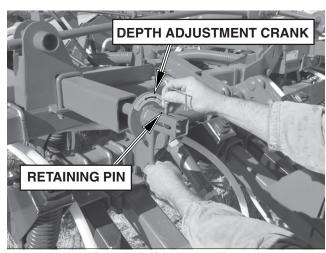
#### **Mechanical Depth Stop**

- To increase or decrease the working depth, adjust all the depth adjustment cranks evenly across the whole machine.
  - a) 1/4 turn on the crank changes the depth approximately 1/8" (3 mm).
  - b) 1 turn on the crank changes the depth approximately 1/2" (12 mm).

#### Rephasing

- Raise machine fully, holding hydraulic lever for several seconds to phase the system.
- This will maintain equal pressure, cylinder stroke, and synchronize cylinders.
- It is recommended that the unit be rephased at each turn on the headland.

# LOWER PAPER



**Depth Adjustment Nut** 

#### Oil Level

The hydraulic system draws its oil supply from the tractor reservoir.

- Check the oil level after the units system has been filled
- Refer to tractor operators manual for more information.

#### **Opener Adjustments**

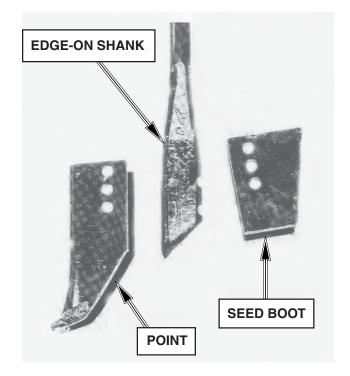
#### **Edge-On Point Adjustment**

The Point can be adjusted down 3 positions in increments of 3/8" (10 mm).

Normal Adjusting Sequence			
	Point Shank Seed Boo		Seed Boot
1	Middle Hole	Top Notch	Bottom Hole
2	Bottom Hole	Bottom Notch	Bottom Hole
3	Top Hole	Top Notch	Middle Hole
4	Middle Hole	Bottom Notch	Bottom Hole

Note: In wet or gumbo land, only move the point down to prevent plugging.

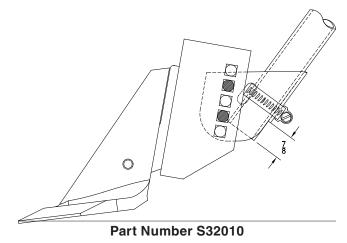
Note: Points can be lowered to compensate for tractor tire impressions.



#### 3 1/2" (89 mm) Sweep

- Insert hose 7/8" (22 mm) past hose holder as shown in diagram.
- · Secure hose to holder with a hose clamp.

Note: If plugging occurs decrease dimension hose extends past hose holder.



#### **Trip Lowering Kit**

For the Conventional Shank, a trip lowering kit is available to compensate for tractor tire impressions. This kit will lower the trip 3/8" (10 mm).

Trip lowering Kit Part Number is C20521.

#### **Opener Adjustments**

#### **Double Shoot Openers**

Improperly adjusted or worn seed openers can cause poor seed/fertilizer separation and plugging which could result in poor emergence.

It is important that the seed openers be properly adjusted.

Note: Points should be adjusted according to wear and deflectors replaced when worn.

Listed below are guidelines for seed openers S25962, S28158, S29000, and S29140.

Note: When applying Anhydrous Ammonia it is strongly recommended to consult local agricultural extension offices for allowable rates which are dependent on soil moisture and soil type.

Soil Condition	Point Position			
	Тор	Middle (Factory Setting)	Bottom	
Light Soil	Soil moisture medium	Soil moisture wet NH³ or liquid application	Soil moisture dry NH³ or liquid application Worn Point adjustment	
Medium Soil	Soil moisture medium	Soil moisture wet NH³ or liquid application	Soil moisture dry NH³ or liquid application Worn Point adjustment	
Heavy Soil	Soil moisture dry	Soil moisture wet NH³ or liquid application	Not recommended Worn Point adjustment	



#### Failure to comply may result in death or serious injury.

Read Operator's Manual and decals on **Ammonia** tank before operating Machine. Become familiar with all warnings, instructions, and controls.

Always wear gloves and goggles when transferring or handling ammonia.

**Always** stay clear of hose and valve openings.

**Always** be sure pressure is relieved before disconnecting hoses or parts.

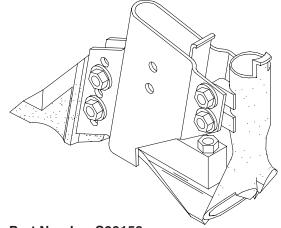
Always secure connecting parts and safety chains before towing ammonia trailer.

Always have ample water available in case of exposure to ammonia liquid or gases.

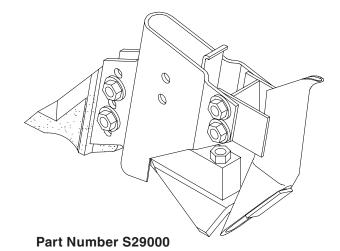
S29378

#### **Opener Adjustments**

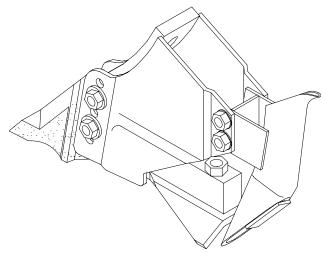
#### **Double Shoot Openers - continued**



Part Number S28158



Part Number S25962



Part Number S29140

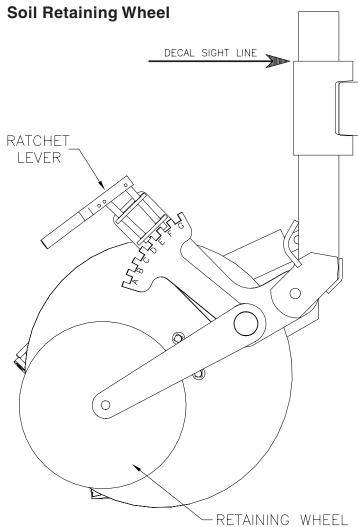
# **Important**

Re-tighten all bolts after initial 10 hours. Check tightness periodically thereafter.

#### **Component Replacement**

- Tighten all bolts evenly.
- Drift head of bolts with hammer to seat shoulder of bolt head.
- Re-tighten bolts evenly to specified torque.
  - 3/8" bolts torque to 30 ft. lb. (41 N-m)
  - 7/16" bolts Grade 8 torque to 70 ft. lb. (95 N-m)

#### **Fertilizer Coulter**



#### **Initial Adjustments**

- Determine seed planting distance: the vertical distance from the bottom of the frame to the seed.
- Determine desired fertilizer placement relative to the seed.
- Looking along the decal sight line at the depth indicator scale, slide the tube up or down to the fertilizer placement dimension that has been determined.

Example: The opener is placing seed at 27" (686 mm) from the bottom of the frame and the desired fertilizer placement is 1" (25 mm) lower at 28" (711 mm). Adjust the main mounting tube so that the decal **reads 28**" (711 mm) along the decal sight line.

Note: The decal has a 2" (51 mm) pre-load built into its readings to simplify initial setting calculations.



#### **Final Adjustments**

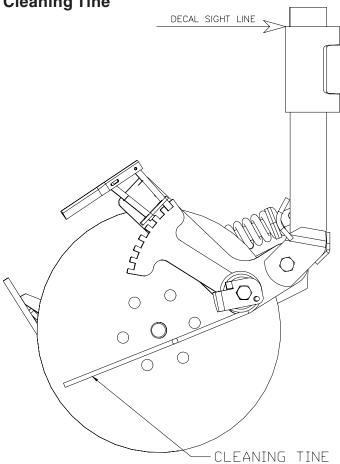
- Now that the correct mounting position and preload has been set, adjust the soil retaining wheel by using the ratchet lever.
- The soil retaining wheel must be in slight contact with the disc to ensure that the disc will remain clean when in wet conditions.

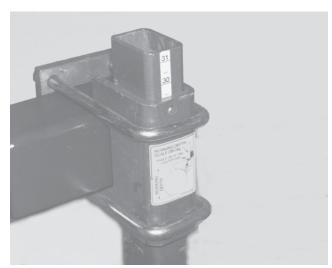
Note: Binding should not occur when rotating disc by hand. CAUTION must be used when performing this procedure.

# Operation

#### **Fertilizer Coulter**

#### **Cleaning Tine**





**Depth Indicator Scale** 

#### **Initial Adjustments**

- Determine seed planting distance: the vertical distance from the bottom of the frame to the seed.
- Determine desired fertilizer placement relative to the seed.
- · Looking along the decal sight line at the depth indicator scale, slide the tube up or down to the fertilizer placement dimension that has been determined.

Note: The decal has a 2" (51 mm) pre-load built into its readings to simplify initial setting calculations.

Example: The opener is placing seed at 27" (686 mm) from the bottom of the frame and the desired fertilizer placement is 1" (25 mm) lower at 28" (711 mm). Adjust the main mounting tube so that the decal reads 28" (711 mm) along the decal sight line.

Note: The previous instructions can not be used when mounting onto sub-frames, compensate for the difference in elevation.

 Adjust cleaning tine to clear soil surface without having straw bunching. If bunching of straw occurs raise tine one notch at a time until bunching is eliminated.

#### **Fertilizer Coulter**

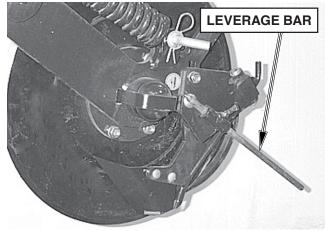
#### **Coulter Positions**

The coulter has two positions:

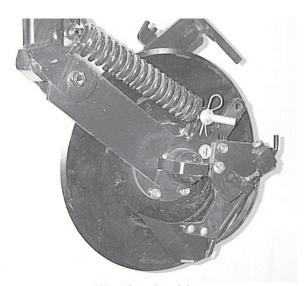
- 1. The working position.
- 2. The storage position.

The storage position is used when the coulter is not being used during field operation, this prevents unnecessary wear on the coulter unit.

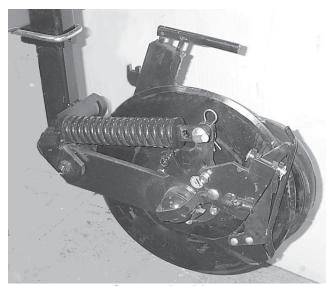
The working position is used when the coulter is being used during field operations.



Leverage Bar



**Working Position** 



**Storage Position** 

# Operation

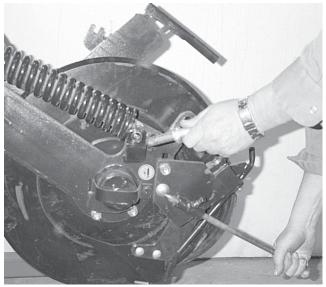
#### **Fertilizer Coulter**

#### **Coulter Positions - continued**

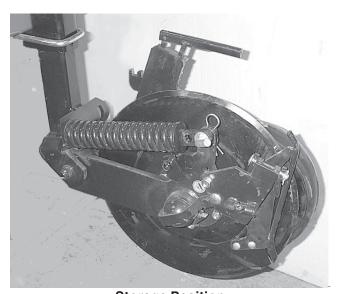
To change the position of the coulter follow the procedure below:

#### **Storage Position**

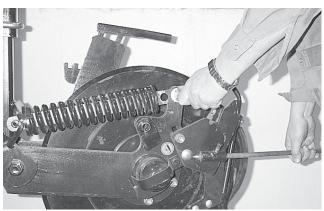
- Insert leverage bar or use closing tine if equipped, to relieve pressure on the spring retaining pin.
- Remove retaining pin.
- Release pressure on leverage bar and lift up on spring assembly
- Lift coulter with leverage bar and pin spring assembly in upper retaining hole.
- Remove leverage bar.



**Remove Pin** 



**Storage Position** 



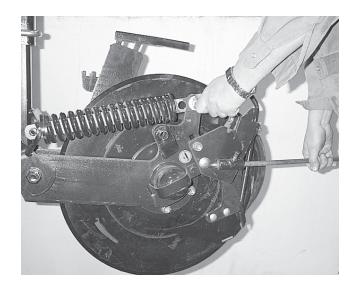
Pin in Upper Hole

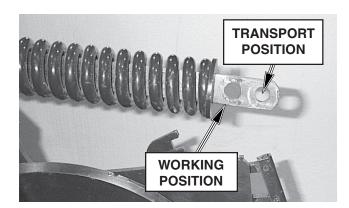
#### **Fertilizer Coulter**

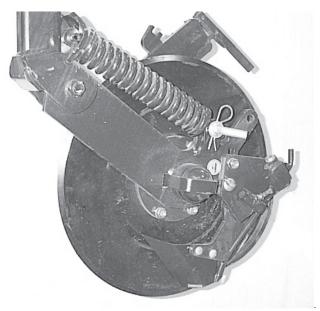
#### **Coulter Positions - continued**

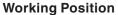
#### **Working Position**

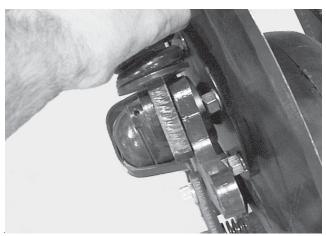
- Insert leverage bar or use closing tine to relieve pressure on the spring retaining pin.
- Remove retaining pin.
- Release pressure on leverage bar and lift up on spring assembly.
- · Lower coulter completely with leverage bar.
- · Press spring assembly into position.
- With leverage bar raise coulter slightly to align spring rod hole with lower retaining hole. Use indicator marks to aid hole alignment.
- · Install retaining pin.
- Remove leverage bar.











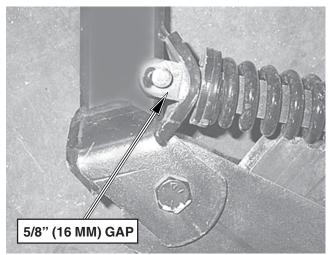
**Press Spring into Place** 

# Operation

#### Fertilizer Coulter

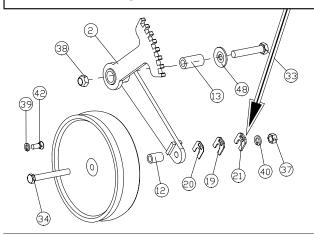
#### **Operation Hints**

- With the machine raised out of ground, the coulter will always sit 2" (51 mm) lower than the desired relative distance from the seed. This is because of the 2" (51 mm) floatation designed into the assembly.
- 2. With the machine in the ground the coulter spring rod should extend with a gap of 5/8" (16 mm) between the stop rod and the seat. This ensures that there is adequate down pressure and that the scraper is running at the correct angle.
- 3. If hint one is set correctly hint two can be achieved by adjusting the soil retaining wheel. This wheel does three things, it controls the depth of the fertilizer, cleans the disc and retains the soil from peeling up or blowing out. Note: The Soil-retaining wheel runs parallel with the coulter disc.
- 4. Adjust the **Soil-retaining wheel** to soil type. Adjust the amount of pressure exerted by loosening the **Soil-retaining wheel** mounting bolt and move the appropriate sized shim, 1/16" (1.59 mm), 1/8" (3.18 mm) or 3/16" (4.76 mm) to the inside of the mounting bracket for more pressure and to the outside of the mounting bracket for less pressure. Retighten the mounting bolt.
- 5. The Soil Retaining Wheel may build up with mud behind the tractor tires and gauge wheels. This is possible in some conditions where sub soil moisture is high. This situation can be resolved by using the Coulter Blade Tine in these areas.

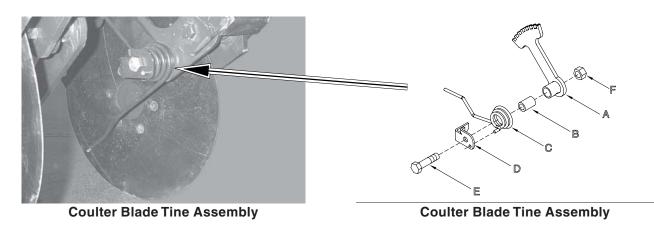


**Coulter Spring Rod** 

# MOVE SPACER SHIMS TO CHANGE PRESSURE ON BLADE.



**Soil Retaining Wheel Assembly** 



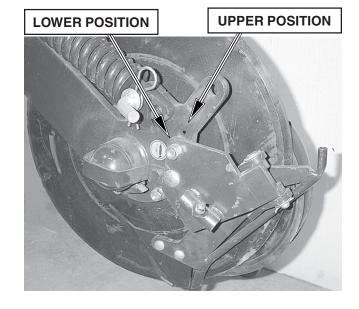
#### Fertilizer Coulter

#### **Operation Hints**

- 6. When using the coulter tine it is beneficial if the tines do not build up with trash. If buildup is happening raise tine until it starts to run clean.
- When using coulter tine versus soil retaining wheel, increased gassing off may occur with NH3. A closing tine could be used to assist in closing the furrow, refer to item 11.
- 8. Some straw may get under the scraper, but should clean itself without building up. If building up of trash occurs, ensure that the scraper is running flush with the blade and then increase spring pressure by adding a 5/8" flat washer under spring.
- When the dry fertilizer tube/scraper is being used they should always be mounted in the highest position. The fertilizer will drop to the bottom of the furrow made by the blade and the wear on the scraper will be minimized.
- 10. When the NH3 Fertilizer tube/scraper is used, soil moisture is the deciding factor in where to set the scraper position. In high moisture conditions the scraper can be raised to the highest position, and in dry conditions the scraper will need to be mounted on the bottom, although increased wear will occur.
- 11. Always raise machine fully before backing up.



**Scraper Spring** 



# **IMPORTANT**

The DRY/NH3 opener is intended to allow the operator the flexibility to switch between granular fertilizer and NH3 without having to change openers. The DRY/NH3 opener is not intended to apply granular fertilizer and NH3 in the same operation. Excessive gassing off of the NH3 will occur in such an operation.

Morris Industries shall have no obligation or liability of any kind on account of end user incorrectly using the Dry/NH3 Opener.

#### **Hydraulic Depth Control System**

#### **Three Section Models**

The hydraulic depth control system is a series system.

To lift the Maxim III Air Drill, hydraulic fluid is forced into the gland end of the flow divider cylinders 1. This causes the piston rods to retract, simultaneously, hydraulic fluid is forced from the butt end of cylinders 1 to the butt end of cylinders 2, causing them to extend, pivoting the packers and gauge wheels down. This causes the main frame to raise.

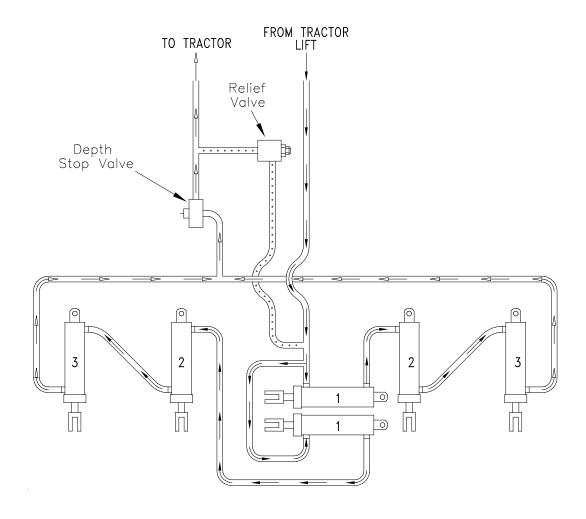
Hydraulic fluid is forced from the gland end of cylinders 2 to the butt end of cylinders 3, causing them to extend, pivoting the packers and gauge wheels down. This causes the wings to raise.

Finally the fluid exits the gland end of cylinders 3 into a common line through the depth stop valve and then to the tractor.

To lower the Maxim III Air Drill, hydraulic fluid flows through the cylinders in the reverse direction to that described above, until the depth control stops on the control rods seat firmly on their stops. Simultaneously the depth stop valve is closed isolating the Maxim III Air Drill hydraulics from the tractor. The oil from the tractor continues to flow across the relief valve until the hydraulic flow stops.

With the depth control stops firmly seated, the working depth will hold until the tractor hydraulic controls are activated to lift the Maxim III Air Drill.

Note: The relief valve prevents over pressuring the depth stops and rear truss.



#### **Hydraulic Depth Control System**

#### **Five Section Models**

The hydraulic depth control system is a series system.

To lift the Maxim III Air Drill, hydraulic fluid is forced into the gland end of the flow divider cylinders 1. This causes the piston rods to retract, simultaneously, hydraulic fluid is forced from the butt end of cylinders 1 to the butt end of cylinders 2, causing them to extend, pivoting the packers and gauge wheels down. This causes the main frame to raise.

Hydraulic fluid is forced from the gland end of cylinders 2 to the butt end of cylinders 3, causing them to extend, pivoting the packers and gauge wheels down. This causes the inner wings to raise.

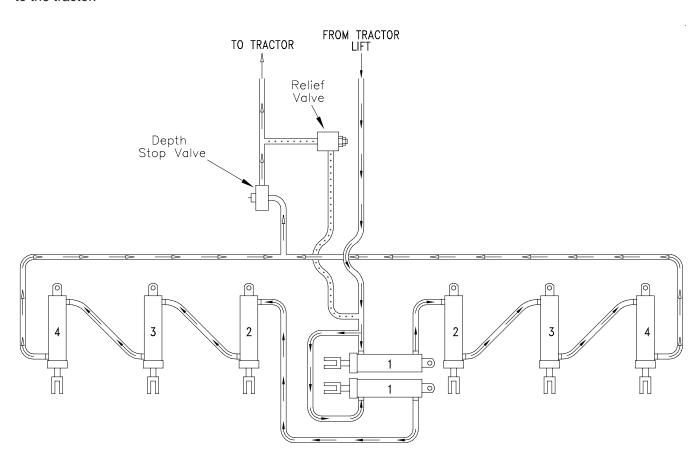
Hydraulic fluid is forced from the gland end of cylinders 3 to the butt end of cylinders 4, causing them to extend, pivoting the packers and gauge wheels down. This causes the outer wings to raise.

Finally the fluid exits the gland end of cylinders 4 into a common line through the depth stop valve and then to the tractor.

To lower the Maxim III Air Drill, hydraulic fluid flows through the cylinders in the reverse direction to that described above, until the depth control stops on the control rods seat firmly on their stops. Simultaneously the depth stop valve is closed isolating the Maxim III Air Drill hydraulics from the tractor. The oil from the tractor continues to flow across the relief valve until the hydraulic flow stops.

With the depth control stops firmly seated, the working depth will hold until the tractor hydraulic controls are activated to lift the Maxim III Air Drill.

Note: The relief valve prevents over pressuring the depth stops and rear truss.



#### **Transport Hydraulics**

#### **Three Section Models**

The hydraulic wing lift system is controlled by two parallel hydraulic systems. Ball valves located on the left front wing lift cylinder and the left rear transport wheel switch between the two systems.

The hydraulic wing lift systems work in two steps as out lined below:

Step 1 - Lower rear transport wheels fully.

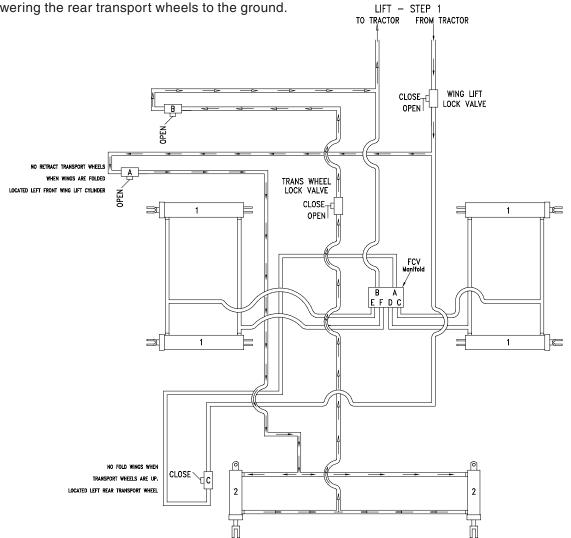
Step 2 - Raise wings fully.

#### Step 1

To lower the rear transport wheels, hydraulic fluid is forced from the tractor through a common line through the winglift lock valve and valve "A" to the butt end of cylinders #2. This will cause cylinders #2 to extend lowering the rear transport wheels to the ground.

While the transport wheels are lowering, hydraulic fluids displaced from the gland end of cylinders #2 through a common line to the transport wheel lock valve and then to valve "B" back to the tractor.

Once cylinders #2 fully extend valve "C" is closed which switchs the hydraulic fluid flow to system 2.



#### **Transport Hydraulics - Continued**

#### **Three Section Models**

#### Step 2

The wing lift system has a pressure compensated flow control valve (FCV) manifold integrated in the circuit to synchronize the raising and lowering of the wings.

To lift the wings, hydraulic fluid is forced from the tractor through a common line to valve "C" then to FCV manifold. The fluid is divided in the FCV manifold and flows to the gland end of each cylinder on both sides of the circuit. This cause cylinders #1 to retract raising the wings.

As the wings raise valve "A & B" closes, locking the transport wheels down. This prevents the transport wheels from being raised until the wings are fully lowered.

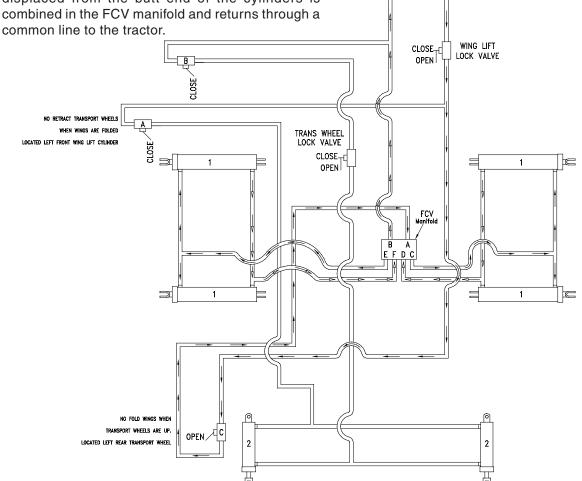
To lower the wings, hydraulic fluid flows opposite to that described for the lifting operation. Fluid is divided in the FCV manifold and flows into the butt end of all four cylinders simultaneously. This cause cylinders #1 to extend lowering the wings. While the wings are being lowered, hydraulic fluid displaced from the gland end of the cylinders is combined in the manifold and returns through a common line to the tractor.

LIFT - STEP 2

FROM TRACTOR

TO TRACTOR

While the wings are being raised, hydraulic fluid displaced from the butt end of the cylinders is combined in the FCV manifold and returns through a



#### **Transport Hydraulics - Continued**

#### **Five Section Models**

The hydraulic wing lift system is controlled by two parallel hydraulic systems. Ball valves located on the left front wing lift cylinder and the left rear transport wheel switch between the two systems.

The hydraulic wing lift systems work in two steps as out lined below:

Step 1 - Lower rear transport wheels fully.

Step 2 - Raise wings fully.

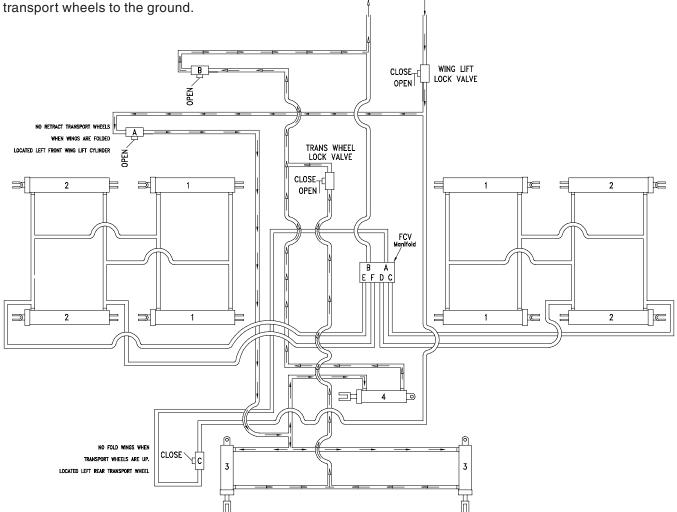
#### Step 1

To lower the rear transport wheels, hydraulic fluid is forced from the tractor through a common line through the winglift lock valve and valve "A" to the butt end of cylinders #3 and the gland end of cylinder 4. This will cause cylinders #3 to extend lowering the rear At this point the force to extend cylinders #3 is greater then the force to retract cylinder #4 allowing the hydraulic fluid to retract cylinder #4 to lift the outer corner of the inner wings off the ground.

While the transport wheels are lowering, hydraulic fluid is displaced from the gland end of cylinders #3 through a common line to the transport wheel lock valve and then back to the tractor.

While the outer end of the inner wings are being lifted off the ground, hydraulic fluid is displaced from the butt end of cylinder #4 through valve "B" back to the tractor.

Cylinder #4 fully retracts before cylinders #3 fully extend closing valve "C" which switchs the hydraulic fluid flow to system 2.



LIFT - STEP 1

FROM TRACTOR

TO TRACTOR

#### **Transport Hydraulics - Continued**

#### **Five Section Models**

#### Step 2

The wing lift system has a pressure compensated flow control valve (FCV) manifold integrated in the circuit to synchronize the raising and lowering of the wings.

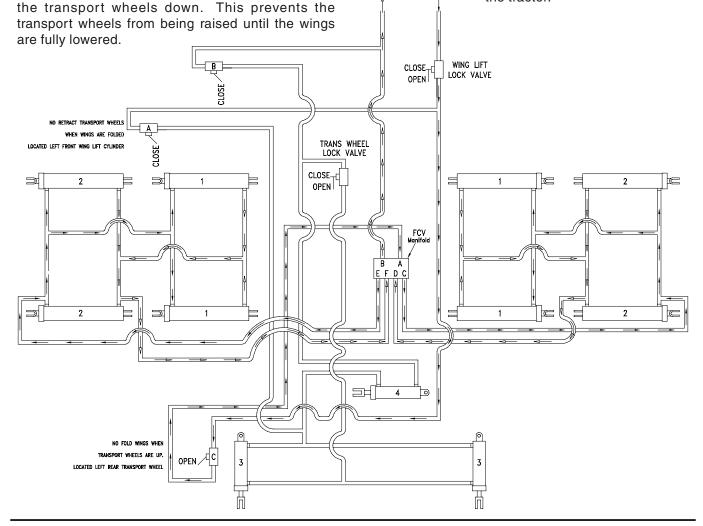
To lift the wings, hydraulic fluid is forced from the tractor through a common line to valve "C" then to the FCV manifold. The fluid is divided in the FCV manifold and flows to the gland end of each cylinder on both sides of the circuit. The force required to retract the cylinders marked #1 is greater then the force required to retract the cylinders marked #2. Therefore the #2 cylinders retract first raising the outer wings. When the #2 cylinders are fully retracted the #1 cylinders retract lifting the inner wings.

As the outer wings raise valves "A" & "B" close, locking

While the wings are being raised, hydraulic fluid displaced from the butt end of the cylinders is combined in the FCV manifold and returns through a common line to the tractor.

To lower the wings, hydraulic fluid flows opposite to that described for the lifting operation. Fluid is divided in the FCV manifold and flows into the butt end of all eight cylinders simultaneously. A gravity lock holds the outer wings in place preventing the #2 cylinders from extending. Therefore, the #1 cylinders extend first to lower the inner wings. When the #1 cylinders are fully extended, and the gravity locks release the #2 cylinders then extend to lower the outer wings. While the wings are being lowered, hydraulic fluid displaced from the gland end of the cylinders is

combined in the manifold and LIFT - STEP 2 returns through a common line to FROM TRACTOR the tractor.



TO TRACTOR

#### **Hydraulic Trip**

#### **Accumulator System Operation and Pre-Charge Information**

• Always relieve hydraulic pressure from the system before performing maintenance or repairs.

# Note: Accumulator stores pressure even when disconnected from tractor.

- The gas bladder in the hydraulic accumulator should be pre-charged with dry nitrogen gas before being mounted on a tillage unit.
- Different accumulator pre-charge pressures will allow for different ranges of trip out force, as shown in the following chart.
- Pre-charge pressure should be set for the most common working conditions.

Accumulator Operating Range 550 lb Trip			
Nitrogen Pre-charge	System Hydraulic Pressure and Trip Force		
Pressure	Minimum	Maximum	
200 psi (1,378 kPa)	220 psi (1517 kPa) 120 lbs (55 kg)	800 psi (5516 kPa) 440 lbs (200 kg)	
300 psi (2,067 kPa)	330 psi (2275 kPa) 181 lbs (82 kg)	1000 psi (6895 kPa) 550 lbs (250 kg)	
400 psi (2,756 kPa)	440 psi (3034 kPa) 242 lbs (110 kg)	1000 psi (6895 kPa) 550 lbs (250 kg)	
500 psi (3,445 kPa)	550 psi (3792 kPa) 302 lbs (137 kg)	1000 psi (6895 kPa) 550 lbs (250 kg)	

<sup>\*</sup> Maximum system hydraulic pressure is 1000 psi(6895 kPa) or 4 times the nitrogen pre-charge pressure, whichever is the lower number.







#### **HIGH-PRESSURE FLUID HAZARD**

To prevent serious injury or death:

- Relieve pressure on hydraulic system before servicing or disconnecting hoses.
- Wear proper hand and eye protection when searching for leaks. Use wood or cardboard instead of hands.
- Keep all components in good repair.



#### **Hydraulic Trip - Continued**

#### **Setting Maximum System Pressure (Trip Out Force)**

 To determine approximate trip out force in pounds on each shank, divide the system hydraulic pressure in the accumulator circuit by 1.82.

For example: A system hydraulic pressure of 800 psi (5,516 kPa) would be approximately 440 lbs (200 kg) trip force at each shank.

# Note: Due to the variation of friction effects, this trip force is approximate.

- Maximum operating pressure can be set by dialing the reducing valve in to increase allowable pressure, and dialing it out to decrease allowable pressure. This adjustment is done in order to set a maximum working pressure; pressure can be decreased below the set point and increased back up to the set point on the go from the tractor.
  - 1. Begin by dialing the adjustment all the way out on the reducing valve .
  - 2. Dial the reducing valve setting in 1 full turn.
  - 3. Operate the tractor remote to pressurize the accumulator circuit (ensure the ball valve in the circuit is open to allow flow). Once the pressure has stopped climbing check the system pressure on the gauge.
  - 4. If the pressure in the system is high enough to achieve the desired trip out force, setting is complete. If the pressure is too low, repeat steps 2 and 3 until the desired pressure is achieved.
  - 5. If the system pressure is too high, relieve the circuit pressure using the tractor remote, and then dial the reducing valve adjustment out incrementally. Repeat step 3 until the desired system pressure has been reached.
- If on the go trip force adjustment is not desired, the ball valve at the gauge bracket can be closed after setting the accumulator system pressure in order to prevent slow pressure bleed off over time.



**DECAL - S42324** 



# **Important**

Do not exceed 4 times the nitrogen pre-charge pressure or 1000 psi, as damage can occur.



**Pressure Reducing Valve** 

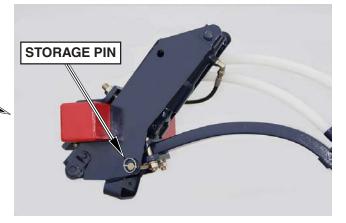
#### **Hydraulic Trip - Continued**

#### Trip Lock-Up and Storage

- Before storing trips, remove all pressure from the accumulator circuit using the tractor remote.
- Once pressure is off of the trip circuit, storage pins can be removed from their storage position.
- Lift each shank up to its tripped out position and secure the storage pin in the lower storage hole (through the trip body side plates) underneath the shank holder casting.







#### **General Guidelines**

The results obtained from the Maxim Air Drill are directly related to the depth uniformity of the unit. Poor levelling worn shovels, uneven tire pressures, and bent shanks must be avoided to obtain optimum field results.

- · Operating depth should be uniform at all shank locations, when spot checking the implement in the field. See Levelling and Rephasing Procedure.
- · Points should be adjusted according to wear. See Maintenance Section.
- Repair or replace bent shanks. Bent shanks cause shovels to work at uneven depths and can cause unnecessary ridging. See maintenance Section.
- · Keep tire pressure at the listed specifications to maintain proper level. See maintenance Section.
- · Have Air Drill moving forward before lowering into ground to avoid plugging openers.
- · Avoid sharp turns. Turns sharp enough to cause the inside shovels of the Air Drill to reverse direction are not recommended. This may cause the seed openers to plug.



#### TAKE SAFETY SERIOUSLY.

Do Not Take Needless Chances!





# Caution

Care should be taken when working near the Air Cart while the fan is running. Product blowing out of the svstem could cause personal injury.



# Operation

Notes

# **Section 6: Maintenance**

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**CAUTION** 



**BE ALERT** 

SAFETY FIRST

REFER TO SECTION 1 AND REVIEW ALL SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS.

#### General

This section deals with two goals, maximum life and dependable operation. Adopt a regular maintenance and lubrication program. Care and sufficient lubrication is the best insurance against delays.

#### Safety

- Always shut off the tractor and remove key before dismounting.
- Guard against hydraulic high pressure leaks with hand and face protection.
- Never work under the Implement unless it is in the down position or securely blocked in place. Do not depend on the hydraulic system to support the frame.
- Always wear safety goggles, breathing apparatus and gloves when working on seeder filled with chemical. Follow manufactures recommended safety procedures when working with chemicals or treated seeds.
- Do not feed left over treated seed to livestock, treated seed is poisonous and may cause harm to persons or livestock.



Securely support any machine elements that must be raised for service work.



#### **Tighten Bolts**

- Before operating the unit.
- · After the first two hours of operation.
- · Check tightness periodically thereafter.
- Use Bolt Torque Chart for correct values on various bolts.
- Note dashes on hex heads to determine correct grade.

Note: DO NOT use the values in the Bolt Torque Chart if a different torque value or tightening procedure is given for a specific application.

 Fasteners should be replaced with the same or higher grade. If higher grade is used, only tighten to the strength of the original.

Bolt Torque Chart				
Grade 5			Grade 8	
Bolt Marking			Bolt Marking	
		Bolt Size		
Nm	lb. ft.		lb. ft.	Nm
11	8	1/4	12	16
23	17	5/16	24	33
41	30	3/8	45	61
68	50	7/16	70	95
102	75	1/2	105	142
149	110	9/16	155	210
203	150	5/8	210	285
366	270	3/4	375	508
536	395	7/8	610	827
800	590	1	910	1234
1150	850	1-1/8	1350	1850
1650	1200	1-1/4	1950	2600
2150	1550	1-3/8	2550	3400
2850	2100	1-1/2	3350	4550

#### Tires

- Inspect tires and wheels daily for tread wear, side wall abrasions, damaged rims or missing lug bolts and nuts. Replace if necessary.
- Tighten wheel bolts refer to Bolt Torque Chart.
- · Check tire pressure daily, when tires are cold.
- · Correct tire pressure is important.
- Do not inflate tire above the recommended pressure.



Tire replacement should be done by trained personnel using the proper equipment.

Tire Specifications			
SIZE	LOAD RANGE	PRESSURE	
12.5L x 15SL	8 ply	36 P.S.I.	
12.5L x 15FI	F	90 P.S.I.	

# Maintenance

#### Lubrication

Greasing pivot points prevents wear and helps restrict dirt from entering. However, once dirt does enter a bearing, it combines with the lubricant and becomes an abrasive grinding paste, more destructive than grit alone.

- Apply new lubricant frequently during operation to flush out old contaminated lubricant.
- Use a good grade of lithium based grease.
- Use a good grade of machine oil.
- Clean grease fittings and lubricator gun before applying lubricant.

Refer to the photos for grease fitting locations.

#### 1. Hubs

• Grease every 500 hours. (Once a season)

#### 2. Gauge Wheel Castor Pivot

• Grease every 100 hours. (Bi-weekly)

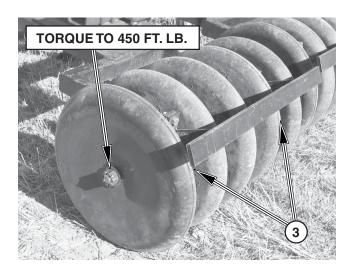
#### 3. Packer Bearings

- Grease every 50 hours. (Weekly)
- Two bearings per packer gang.

#### **Press Wheels**

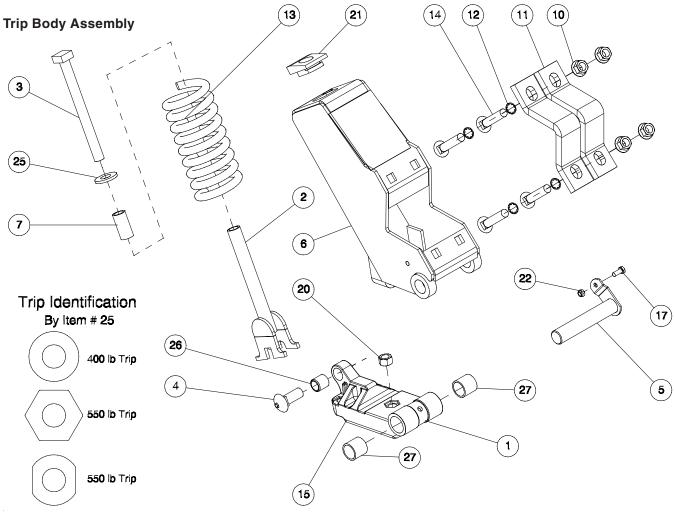
- Press wheels assembly is torqued to 450 ft. lbs. (610 N-m) at the factory.
- Check at 5 and 15 hours and periodically afterwards.
- Packer Wrench is located on the rear of the main frame cross brace.





#### Trip Maintenance

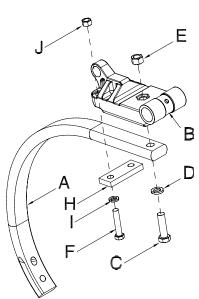
#### **Spring Cushion Trips**



#### **Shank Replacement**

In the event a shank needs replacing, use the following procedure.

- Remove retaining bolt (C) from casting.
- Remove Shank Holder Clamp (H) from casting.
- · Lift rear of shank up and pull out.
- · Reverse above procedure to reassemble.



#### **Spring Cushion Trips**

#### **Main Bushing Replacement**

In the event the pivot pin nylon bushings need replacing, use the following procedure.

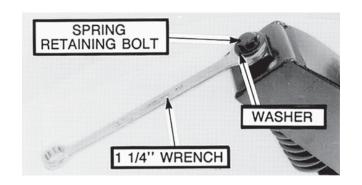
- · Loosen spring retaining bolt.
- Slide a 1 1/4" wrench between the trip top and the washer on the bolt.
- Tighten bolt, this will lift the casting off the base taking the pressure off the pivot pin.
- · Remove retaining bolt from pivot pin.
- Remove pivot pin from casting. To dismantle the spring, carefully unscrew the spring retaining bolt.

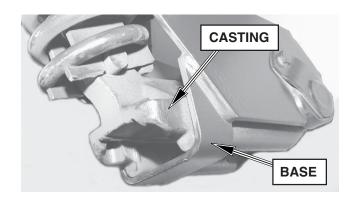
#### Note: Bolt is 8 1/4" (210 mm) long.

- Push casting down by lifting up on shank or by using a prybar.
- Remove the old bushings by pushing out towards the inside of the trip.
- · Install the new bushings.

Reverse the above procedure to reassemble trip.

Note: Torque spring retaining bolt to 75 ft. lbs. (102 N-m) once trip is reassembled.



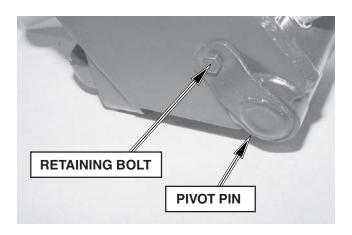




Care must be taken when replacing any trip components as the spring is under pressure.

# **Important**

Re-torque bolts after initial 50 hours.
Check tightness periodically thereafter.
Torque Bolts as specified in
Bolt Torque Chart.



#### **Spring Cushion Trips**

#### **Spring Rod Pivot Pin Bushing Replacement**

A simple check can be performed to see if the bushings need replacing.

The bushing is visible when looking at the spring rod pivot pin from the right hand side for the trip unit.

In the event the pivot pin nylon bushings need replacing, use the following procedure.

- Loosen spring retaining bolt.
- Slide two wrenches with a combined thickness of at least 1" (25 mm) between the trip top and the washer on the bolt.
- Tighten bolt fully, this will lift the casting off the base.
- Pry the casting away from the spring rod pin. The casting will drop down and the bushings can be easily accessed.
- Replace the bushing.

Reverse the above procedure to reassemble trip.

Note: The head of the spring pin must be orientated correctly with the slot in the spring rod for correct assembly - square shoulder enters the square ended slot.

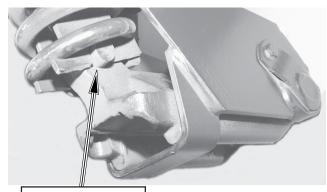
Note: Torque spring retaining bolt to 75 ft. lbs. (102 N-m) once trip is reassembled.



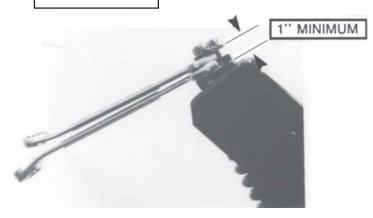
Care must be taken when replacing any trip components as the spring is under pressure.

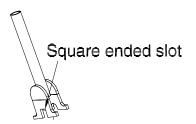
# **Important**

Re-torque bolts after initial 50 hours.
Check tightness periodically thereafter.
Torque Bolts as specified in
Bolt Torque Chart.

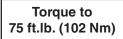


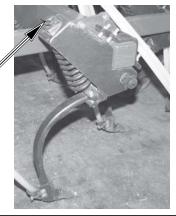
SPRING ROD BUSHING











#### **Hydraulic Trip Assembly**

#### **Bushing Replacement**

In the event the pivot pin bushings need replacing, use the following procedure.

- Remove all pressure from the accumulator circuit using the tractor remote.
- Shut tractor engine off and ensure park brake is engaged before proceeding.
- Once the pressure is off of the trip circuit, disconnect hydraulic hose from trip cylinder.
- Remove cotter pins (3) from the trip cylinder and remove pins (4 & 5).
- Remove the cylinder. The cylinder pivot bushings (22) can be replaced at this point.
- Remove the shank (6) from casting (1).
- Remove the retaining bolt (14) from trip-casting pivot pin (23).
- Remove the pivot pin (23) from casting (1).
- Remove the casting from the trip body.
   The trip-casting pivot bushings can be replaced at this point.

Reverse the above procedure to reassemble trip.



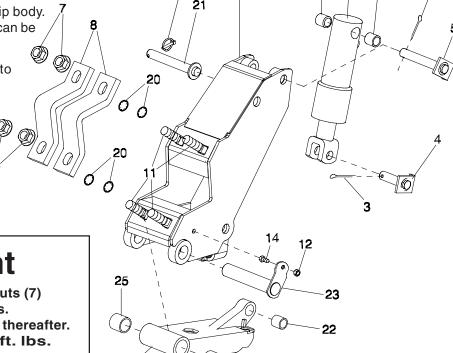




#### **HIGH-PRESSURE FLUID HAZARD**

To prevent serious injury or death:

- Relieve pressure on hydraulic system before servicing or disconnecting hoses.
- Wear proper hand and eye protection when searching for leaks. Use wood or cardboard instead of hands.
- Keep all components in good repair.



# **Important**

Re-torque flanged locknuts (7) after initial 50 hours. Check tightness periodically thereafter. Torque Bolts to 150 ft. lbs.

25

#### **Hydraulic Trip Assembly - Continued**

#### **Cylinder Replacement**

In the event the trip cylinder needs repair or replacing, use the following procedure.

- Remove all pressure from the accumulator circuit using the tractor remote.
- Shut tractor engine off and ensure park brake is engaged before proceeding.
- Once the pressure is off of the trip circuit, disconnect hydraulic hose from trip cylinder.
- Remove the cotter pins (3) from the trip cylinder and remove pins (4 & 5). Refer to diagram on previous page.
- Remove the cylinder. Repair or replace cylinder as necessary.

Reverse the above procedure to reassemble trip.

#### **Shank Replacement**

In the event a shank needs replacing, use the following procedure.

- Remove retaining bolt (13) from casting.
- · Remove Shank Holder Clamp (9) from casting.
- Lift rear of shank up and pull out.
- · Reverse above procedure to reassemble.

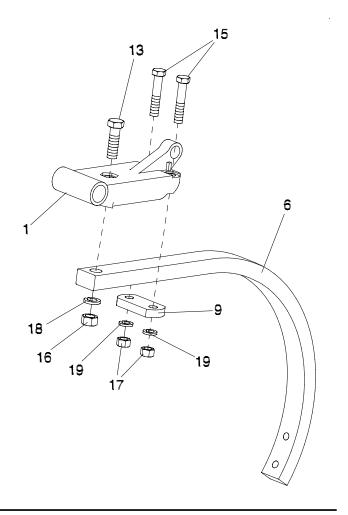
Note: Retaining strap bolts (15) must be installed as shown to prevent interference with the trip cylinder.



#### **HIGH-PRESSURE FLUID HAZARD**

To prevent serious injury or death:

- Relieve pressure on hydraulic system before servicing or disconnecting hoses.
- Wear proper hand and eye protection when searching for leaks. Use wood or cardboard instead of hands.
- Keep all components in good repair.



## Maintenance

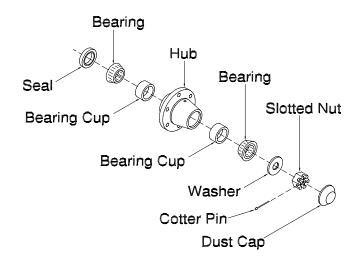
#### **Wheel Bearings**

- Lower the Air Drill and raise the wheels enough to clear the surface.
- · Shut tractor off and remove key.
- Block wheel on tractor.
- Remove wheel from hub.
- Remove the dust cap, cotter pin, and the slotted nut and washer.
- Be careful when pulling the hub off as not to drop the outer bearing.
- Clean spindle and bearing components with solvent.
- Inspect for wear on bearings, spindle and cups, replace parts as required.
- Do not reuse old seals. Use only new seals when assembling.
- · Pack inner hub with bearing grease.
- · Be sure bearing and cup are dry and clean.
- Work grease into the bearing rollers, until each part of the bearing is completely full of grease.
- Install inner bearing and cup first, then press new seals in place.
- Place hub on spindle.
- · Install outer bearing, washer and slotted nut.
- Tighten nut while turning the wheel until a slight drag is felt.
- Back nut off one slot and install a cotter pin. Bend cotter pin up around nut.
- Pack grease inside the dust cap and tap into position.

# **Important**

Check wheel bearings for play every 5,000 acres (2,000 hectares) or yearly, which ever occurs first.

Tighten as required.



#### **Axle Pivot Bushings**

Inspect seasonally the axle pivots for wear. Replace bushings if excessive movement is found.

In the event the Axle Pivot Bushings need replacing, use the following procedure.

- · Lower machine taking weight off axles.
- · Shut tractor off and remove key.
- · Block wheel on tractor.
- Remove roll pin (E) from pivot pin (D).
- · Remove pivot pin (D).
- · Remove seals. Note Seal Lips Facing Out.
- · Remove pivot bushings.
- Thoroughly clean all parts.
- Inspect pivot pin for abrasions, replace if necessary.

# Note: Any abrasions on the pin will severely limit the life of the bushings.

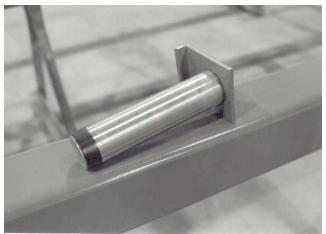
- Carefully press bushings in place, ensuring the inner lining of the bushings are not damaged.
- Install the seals with the seal lips facing out.

# Note: Seal lips *must face outward* to prevent dust from entering bushings.

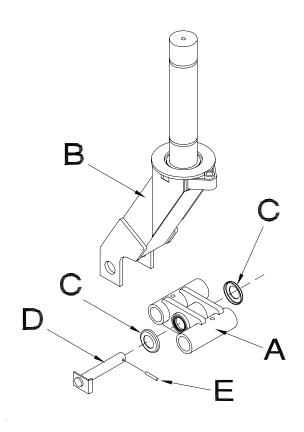
- Apply a thin layer of oil onto seal lips to ease in the installation of pivot pin.
- Place cupped washers (C) over seals.
- Align axle walking beam (A) with castor (B).
- Wrap a single layer of electrical tape over hole.
   This will ensure the edge of the hole will not damage the seal lips.

#### Note: Do not use grease on any components.

 Carefully install pivot pin, ensuring the seal lips and inner lining of the bushings are not damaged.
 Do not force pin through the bushings.



**Tap Pivot Pin Hole** 



# Maintenance

#### **Packer Pivot Bushings**

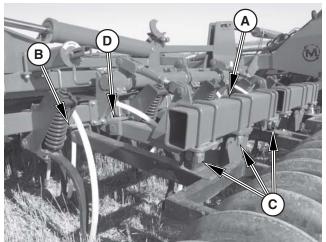
The packer pivot arms on the Maxim III use urethane bushings. These bushings allow the flexing of the packer gangs to follow uneven ground conditions. Wear is minimal but over time the urethane material may compress requiring replacement.

In the event the Packer Pivot Bushings need replacing, use the following procedure.

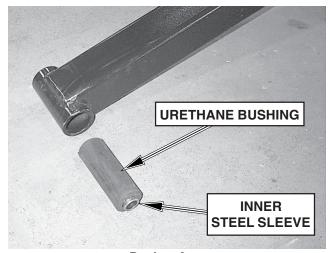
- · Lower machine taking weight off packers.
- · Shut tractor off and remove key.
- Block wheel on tractor.
- Remove packer evener beam (A).
- Remove pins from rear pivot brackets (C) to replace bushings.
- To replace front packer bushing, remove packer gang assemblies from pivot bracket (B).
- For pivot point (D) refer to axle pivot bushing replacement for details.
- Thoroughly clean all parts.
- Inspect pivot pins for abrasions, replace if necessary.

#### Note: Do not use grease on any components.

 Carefully install pivot pin, ensuring the inner lining of the bushings are not damaged. Do not force pin through the bushings.



Packer Pivot Arms - Wing Frame Shown



**Packer Arm** 



#### **Nylon Wear Strips**

In the event the Nylon Wear Strips need replacing, use the following procedure.

- Lower the Air Drill till the openers are resting on the surface.
- Shut tractor off and remove key.
- · Block wheel on tractor.
- Remove all clamp straps (A) and shims from the torque tube.
- · Remove nylon wear strips.
- Insert the new nylon wear strips around the torque tube.

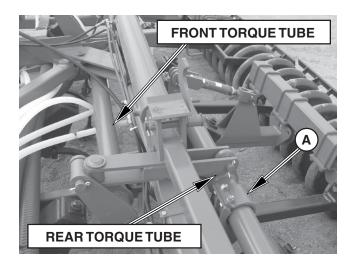
Note: Position nylon wear strip joint at the mid point of clamp strap.

• Secure torque tube in place with clamp straps (A), the 5/8" bolts, lockwashers, and nuts.

Note: The joint of the nylon wear strip should be at the mid point of clamp strap.

 A minimum of two shims are installed on the top bolts of each clamp strap. If the torque tube can not easily be turned by hand, shims will need to be placed between the clamp straps and the torque tube brackets.

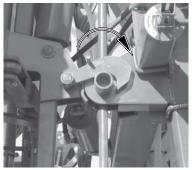
Note: Shims can be added or removed as needed so that the torque tube can be turned by hand.

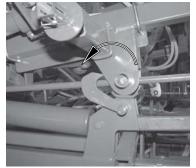


#### **Gravity Lock**

Ensure gravity locks move freely in both directions.

Note: Damage to wing lift components will result if gravity locks malfunction.





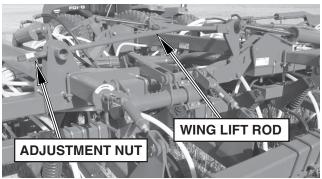
Winged Up Winged Down

## Maintenance

### Outer Wing Lift Rod

Normally the nuts will be screwed all the way to the end of the thread on the wing lift rods.

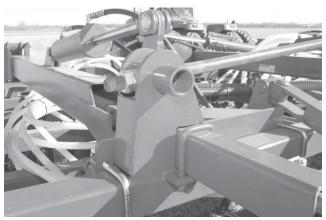
- With the outer wing lift rod retracted fully, check the clearance between the lifting link and the gusset.
- Adjust rod length until there is a minimum of 1/16"
   (2 mm) between the lifting link and gusset in the lift arm when raising wing.
- If no adjustment is left and the clearance is less than a 1/16" (2 mm) check for worn components and replace as required.



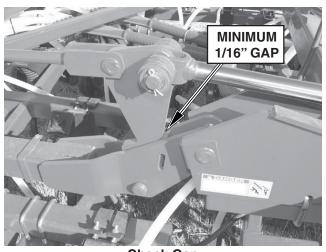
**Outer Wing Lift** 

# **Important**

Failure to have gap will cause lifting link to break at contact point.



Wing Lift Rod Retracted



Check Gap

#### **Fertilizer Coulter**

#### Lubrication

· Use a good grade of lithium based grease.

#### 1. Hubs

• Grease every 100 hours. (Bi-weekly)

#### **Scraper Positions**

The scraper has two positions to extend the life of the coulter disc.

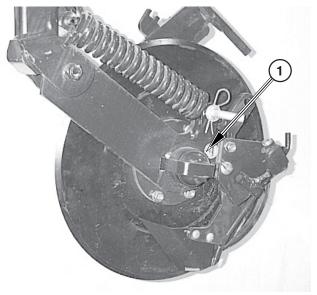
#### NH3 applications only

Initially the opener is set in the lower position.

Once the coulter disc has worn approximately 1 inch the scraper is moved to the upper position.

#### Granular or liquid applications

Initially the scraper is set in the upper position.



Hubs

#### **Packer Turn Buckle Assembly**

- 1. Clevis right hand thread
- 2. Turn Buckle Body
- 3. Pivot Clevis
- 4. Hex Bolt -1 1/4 x 4 Lg
- 5. Jam Nut 1 1/14
- 5A. Jam Nut 1 1/2 (Long Turn Buckle)

1/16" (1.6 mm) MAXIMUM GAP

NOTE: ITEM #3 MUST TURN FREELY WHEN ASSEMBLING
BOLT #4 AND LOCKING WITH JAM NUT #5.

19 1/8" (48.6 cm) Short Turn Buckle
37 1/2" (95.3 cm) Long Turn Buckle

4

3

5

5

5

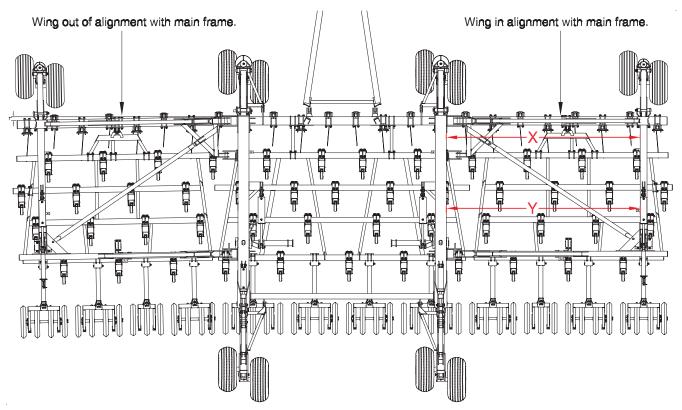
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#### Wing Brace Adjustment

It is imperative that the adjustable wing braces on Maxim III Air Drill units be correctly adjusted to minimize stress on the machine components.

In order to correctly adjust the wing braces use the following procedure:

1. Start with the air drill on level ground with wings down. Pull the unit forward to ensure machine components are running straight. (i.e. packer gangs)



- 2. Check the alignment of the wing frames to ensure they are not too far forward or back. Also, check that the wing depth beams are parallel to the main depth beams (dimension "X" & "Y" are equal). Correct any problems. If there appears to be severe alignment problems, please contact Morris' Technical Support Department for advice.
- 3. Confirm the wing braces are tight. If they are loose, tighten the turnbuckle to remove all slack. Then tighten the turnbuckle an additional 1/4 inch (6.4 mm), which is approximately 2 revolutions of the short turn buckle, to tension the wing brace, and tighten the jam nut.

# **Important**

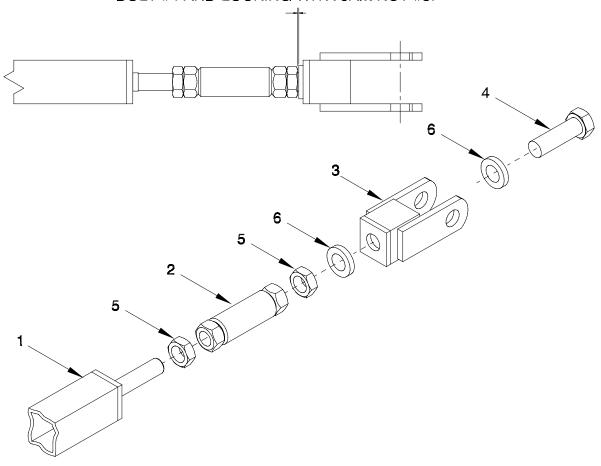
Wing braces must have tension at all times.

Air drill wing depth beam must be square with the main frame depth beam.

## Wing Brace Adjustment - Continued

#### **Turnbuckle Assembly**

1/16" (1.6 mm) MAXIMUM GAP NOTE: ITEM #3 MUST TURN FREELY WHEN ASSEMBLING BOLT #4 AND LOCKING WITH JAM NUT #5.



Item	Part No.	Description	Qty
1	* * * * *	Wing Brace	1
2	S39132	Turnbuckle Body - Short	1
3	S44020	Brace Clevis	1
4	S39754	Hex Bolt -1 1/4 x 4 Lg	1
5	C15768	Jam Nut - 1 1/14	2
6	S26462	Washer - 1 9/32 ID x 2 1/2 OD	2

#### Hydraulics

Refer to Section 1 regarding hydraulic safety. In addition:

- Inspect hydraulic system for leaks, damaged hoses and loose fittings.
- Damaged Hoses and hydraulic tubing can only be repaired by replacement. DO NOT ATTEMPT REPAIRS WITH TAPE OR CEMENTS. High pressure will burst such repairs and cause system failure and possible injury.
- · Leaking cylinders install a new seal kit.
- Fittings Do not use liquid Teflon or Teflon tape on JIC or ORB ends.
- Hydraulic Hose Connections when connecting the hoses to the cylinders, tubing, etc. always use one wrench to keep the hose from twisting and another wrench to tighten the union. Excessive twisting will shorten hose life.
- Keep fittings and couplers clean.
- Check the Tractor Manual for proper filter replacement schedule.

Refer to the Trouble Shooting Section.

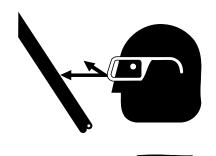


Contact your nearest Dealer for genuine repair parts. Dealers carry ample stock and are backed by the manufacture and regional associations.



Dirt in the hydraulic system could damage O-rings, causing leakage, pressure loss and total system failure.

Note: Extreme care must be taken to maintain a clean hydraulic system. Use only new hydraulic fluid when filling reservoir.







#### HIGH-PRESSURE FLUID HAZARD

To prevent serious injury or death:

- Relieve pressure on hydraulic system before servicing or disconnecting hoses.
- Wear proper hand and eye protection when searching for leaks. Use wood or cardboard instead of hands.
- Keep all components in good repair.

# Section 7: Storage

## **Section Contents**

Preparing for Storage	7-2
Cylinder Shaft Protection	7-3
Removing From Storage	7-3

#### **Preparing for Storage**

- To insure longer life and satisfactory operation, store the implement in a shed.
- If building storage is impossible, store away from areas of main activity on firm, dry ground.
- Clean machine thoroughly.
- Clean and apply anti-seize to the threads of the control rods and depth adjustment cranks.
- Inspect all parts for wear or damage.
- Avoid delays if parts are required, order at the end of the season.
- Lubricate grease fittings. (Refer to Maintenance Section).
- Tighten all bolts to proper specifications (Refer to Maintenance Section).
- For a safer storage, lower the implement into field position and release the hydraulic pressure.
- If implement must be stored in a raised position, ensure that wings are properly secured with valves in locked position.
- · Level implement using hitch jack and block up.
- · Relieve pressure from hydraulic system.
- Raise frames, block up and relieve weight from the tires.
- Cover tires with canvas to protect them from the elements when stored outside.
- Coat exposed cylinder shafts (Refer to Cylinder Shaft Protection).
- Paint any surfaces that have become worn.



Do not allow children to play on or around the machine.

#### **MORRIS PAINT**

#### **Spray Cans:**

Part Number	Description	
W-4647	Red MORRIS Spray Can	
W-4648	Blue MORRIS Spray Can	
N31087	White MORRIS Spray Can	

#### **Litre Cans:**

Part Number	Description	
Z-10	Red MORRIS Paint/Litre	
Z-11	Blue MORRIS Paint/Litre	

#### **Cylinder Shaft Protection**

The steps summarized below should be followed when protecting chrome plated shafting on equipment:

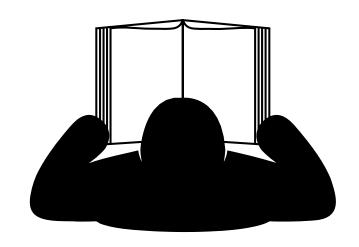
- Position the equipment as it will be stored, and identify all the exposed portions of the chrome plated shafts.
- Clean dirt and dust from the exposed portions of the shaft using a dry cloth or a cloth which has been dampened with an appropriate solvent.
- Prepare a mixture of 60% oil-based rust inhibitor and 40% Kerosene. Apply a thin coating of this mixture to the exposed surfaces of the chrome plated shaft. No. 1 fuel oil may be substituted for Kerosene. A cloth dipped in the mixture can be used to apply the coating.
- Inspect the shaft surfaces after six months and apply additional corrosion preventative mixture.
- If the equipment is to be moved and then stored again for an extended period of time, the steps above should be repeated for all shafts that were stroked during the move.
- Before retracting the cylinders the protective coating should be removed. This will prevent fine sand and dirt that has accumulated in the coating, from damaging the shaft seal. Under no circumstances should sandpaper or other abrasive material be used to clean the surfaces. Plastic or copper wool in combination with an appropriate solvent will remove most of the dirt.



Dirt in the hydraulic system could damage O-rings, causing leakage, pressure loss and total system failure.

#### Removing From Storage

- · Review Operator's Manual.
- Check tire pressure (Refer to Tire Pressure List)
- Clean machine thoroughly. Remove coating from exposed cylinder shafts (Refer to Cylinder Shaft Protection).
- Lubricate grease fittings. (Refer to Lubricating Section).
- Tighten all bolts to proper specifications (Refer to Bolt Torque Chart).
- Ensure gravity locks move freely in both directions.



# Storage

Notes

# **Section 8:** Troubleshooting

### **Section Contents**

Machine not operating straight.	8-2
Lack of penetration.	
Sweeps/points wearing unevenly	8-2
Wing lifting too slowly.	
Wings not lowering.	
Transport wheels do not lock down before wings start to raise	
Oil accumulation.	
One wing will lift, other will not	8-3
Depth control not working.	
One wing will drop when machine is fully raised	
One whole side will drop when machine is fully raised	
Packer gangs squeaking.	

# Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Correction
Machine not operating	Not levelled.	Refer to Operation Section on levelling.
straight.		Rephase cylinders.
		Check tire pressure.
	Packer pivot bushings worn.	Replace bushings.
Lack of penetration.	Not levelled.	Refer to Operation Section on levelling.
	Sweeps/points worn.	Replacement necessary.
	Sweep angle.	Conventional Stem requires 47 degree tools.
Sweeps/points wearing unevenly	Not levelled front to rear.	Refer to Operation Section on levelling.
uneverny	Tire tracks.	Replace worn sweeps.
	Front row always wears more than the others.	Replace worn sweeps.
Wing lifting too slowly.	Tractor hydraulic pressure.	Repair pump. Pressure relief valve needs resetting.
	Hydraulic breakaways.	Foreign material or sticking. Check compatibility.
	Hose restriction.	Re-route hydraulic hoses.
Wings not lowering.	Transport valve closed.	Place valve lever in unlocked position.
Transport wheels do not lock down before wings start to raise.	Leaky transport wheel cylinder	Repair cylinder.
Oil accumulation.	Damaged seal.	Replace seals.
	Loose fittings.	Tighten hose and pipe connections.
	Scored cylinder shaft will damage shaft seal.	Replace.
	Normal.	Slight seepage from seal is normal.

Problem	Cause	Correction	
One wing will lift, other will not.	Assembly.	Hoses reversed at cylinder.	
not.	Restriction in line.	Clean.	
	Internal cylinder leak.	Repair cylinder.	
Depth control not working.	Cylinders not phased.	Refer to Operation Section on rephasing.	
	Leaks.	Use hand and eye protection - Check for external leaks.	
	Low oil level.	Fill tractor reservoir.	
	Hydraulics clogged.	Replace filter.	
	Depth Control stops not adjusted evenly.	Measure and ensure all stops are adjusted properly.	
One wing will drop when machine is fully raised.	Internal cylinder leak.	Repair cylinder.	
One whole side will drop when machine is fully raised.	Internal cylinder leak on flow divider.	Repair cylinder.	
Packer gangs squeaking.	Gangs not tight enough.	Tighten gang nuts to 450 ft. lbs.	

# Troubleshooting

Notes



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It is the policy of Morris Industries Ltd. to improve its products whenever it is possible to do so. Morris reserves the right to make changes or add improvements at any time without incurring any obligation to make such changes on machines sold previously.

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